

# THE

*Daily exercises of a Christian  
life,*

# OR

The interiour spirit with which we  
ought to animate our actions  
throughout the whole day.

# WITH

*An easy instruction for men-  
tal prayer, Translated out  
of a French copy*

Printed at Paris in the year 1684.

*By permission of Superiours.*

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History of the

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the first edition for  
the year 1753. The second  
edition of the first copy.

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# TO

## *The English Catholicks.*

**L**IGHTING accidentally upon the ensuing Treatise, I was so pleased with its solidity, facility and brevity that I was moved to translate it for your use and profit ( especially for such as understand not french ) whose present sufferings must needs give you a sight of the vanity and inconstancy of this world, and move you to seek a more secure, solid, and lasting happinesse in the next, wherunto the instructions you will here meet with, will easily and securely lead you: For such well disposed persons as you are, this Treatise was writ and for such also I translated it: who having undergon the sharp tryals of a long and severe persecution, are trained up and fitted for a greater combat.

where you are to become your own adversaries, and are to engage with no other enemies then your selves; which I call a greater combat, because a greater courage and constancy is required thereunto: for one blow is sufficient to crown a martyr, whereas a war with your selves is to endure as many years as you live: perhaps not so bloody and cruel as the other, but yet more irksom and vexatious, where you may overcome but can never have truce or peace: so much harder is it to live a martyr, then to die one, and more crowns are due when you die ofner and onely live to add new crowns by dying daily. This is a combat common to all christians, to all states and conditions, whilst the other has been the happy lot only of a few: this reaps a harvest of merits in the toilsome and laborious field of vertue, whilst the other is a free gift and favour bestowed somtimes on the greatest sinners. Happy therefore and thrice happy are you, who are both chosen out for followers of the cross and also continue to follow it by your own free will and election, not like those faint hearts who understand not

this happineſſ, but turning their backs  
to glory, do comply ſo much with eaſe  
and terrene inclinations, as to ſhrink  
out of the liſts, and decline this hard  
and toiſome enterpriſe: who love not  
to meet difficulties, and are ſo good na-  
tur'd as not to quarrell with themſelves,  
and yet prove their own greater enemies  
by being too Kind: for a pernicious  
love will not ſave but deſtroy us, whiſt  
a pious hatred will render us eternally  
happy. *Qui amat animam ſuam perdet  
eam, & qui odit animam ſuam in hoc  
mundo, in vitam eternam cuſtodit eam.* Jo.  
12. 26. He that loves his life ( ſays our  
moſt wiſe maſter ) ſhall looſe it, and he  
who hates it in this world doth Keep it  
to life everlaſting. To ſuch fond lovers,  
as our ſaviour here checks, tis in vain  
to offer this ſhort practice of a chriſtian  
life, whoſe ſeeming love is a true hatred  
and their ſuppoſed peace, a ſecret, but  
moſt pernicious war; in which the bo-  
dy oppoſes the ſoul, the fleſh reſiſts the  
ſpirit, and nature impugnes grace, cun-  
ningly drawing us in to become traitours  
to our ſelves, and inveigling us to be  
parties to our own deſtruction: perſwa-  
ding us to chooſe a toothſome poiſon

before an unpleasant remedy, and to yeeld to the mercileſſ cruelty of our profeſt enemy. rather than undergo the pains of a ſhort reſiſtance, wherby we might ſecure our ſelves of an everlaſting victory, whiſt the pious ſelf-haters take their inſtructions not from corrupt nature, or this treacherous ſelf-love, but from a better and kinder maſter, who teaches us the impoſſibility of ſerving two. *Nemo poteſt duobus Dominis ſervire.* Theſe by a ſeeming hatred truly love themſelves, and by a ſhort yet profitable war, purchaſe an everlaſting peace, not are they aſhamed or troubled at their ſufferings, but by a cheerfull undergoing them ſeek out a ſecure way to glory, accounting the pains they take little for ſo laſting a reward, giving their aſſent to S. Paul's opinion, Rom. 8. 18. *non ſunt condigne paſſiones huius temporis ad futuram gloriam qua revelabitur in nobis.* And with the Royall Prophet, eſteeming a day ſpent in this happy enterpriſe, better then a thouſand. *melior eſt dies unus in atriis tuis ſuper millia.* They know that the ordering of a day is the ordering their whole lives, and that a life without order can neither aime at



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vertue nor perfection, and that herein  
lies the main difficulty and conflict.  
To you therefore Dear Catholicks,  
whom persecution has disposed by such  
admirable sentiments as these, to receive  
it, I offer this Treatise, to you, who  
are in the happy necessity of suffering,  
which it will teach you to make true  
profit of, and therefore I hope will be  
the more acceptable to you: who I am  
sure are so far from shunning the diffi-  
culties you will meet with in the exer-  
cises here prescribed, that you will ra-  
ther take them for the first copies set  
to beginners, and for easy draughts de-  
lineating only the first grounds & out-  
lines of perfection: whereby you being  
daily improved & allured to so happy  
& profitable an enterprize, will gene-  
rously offer at more & greater; and for  
the present, make it your delight to read  
a spirituall book, to be sometimes reti-  
red, and to absent and often withdraw  
your selves from worldly conversation,  
to converse with god, & become more  
present to him and your selves; to re-  
sist corrupted nature, and follow Christ  
in the way of the cross and mortifica-  
tion, and hereby become and continue  
such true pretenders to heaven, as I either

take you or heartily wish you to be,  
and that I may be one of that happy  
number, and become joynt partaker of  
what we all pretend to, that is everla-  
sting happineſſ; I humbly beg the affi-  
ſtance of your good prayers who am,

**Your cordiall well-wiſher &  
faithfull humble ſervant,**

**N. N.**





## THE PREFACE.

*Of the necessity of performing our actions well, in order to perfection.*

**Y**OU will not find here either studied discourses or elevated conceits touching the interior and hidden life, and the vertues which it forms in us; there are spirituall books enough which give it's maximes, teach it's secrets, & discover it's illusions; here are only plaine reflections upon our ordinary actions teaching with what spirit they ought to be animated; however I dare affirme that these practices are no less profitable to good souls than all those high and sublime rules which are given them, of the severall degrees of prayer, & interior abnegation; for we want not so much knowledge & instruction, as the execution and practice thereof; we are sufficiently instructed in this age in all spirituall matters, but our misery consists in this, that we content our selves with the bare knowledge out of books

that treat of them, & it may be with speaking thereof in conversation: and if sometimes it happens that we find some relish of these truths, or penetrate a little deeper then ordinary into them; we look on our selves as already great proficientes in spirit, & rest there without passing on to any practice thereof. Tis enough at present for a devout person to have by him the Treatise called the Interior Christian, & now and then to read in it, to believe himself a very spirituall person much advanced in perfection. We see many souls much addicted to read the latter end of this book, where it treats of the most high & sublime degrees of prayer; but we see very few who exercise themselves in the practice of the love of contempt, mortification, and suffering, whereof the Authour treats in the beginning. For my part, I am perswaded that we have more need of having our hearts touched, then our minds enlightened, and that we stand more in need to be animated to practice what is good, then to have bare desires of it. wherefore I thought it very profitable to instruct good and devout souls how to perform all their exterior actions

with an interiour spirit, & not to follow their own humour, custome or sensuality, but to render their actions (as I may say) full of god, and to animate them with the spirit of his grace. In effect all who know what belongs to true devotion & christian perfection, agree that it consists in doing the will of god, and that in such manner as he will have it done: and that this is the sanctity to which god calls all christians of what condition soever. Now it is in the ordinary actions, which every one in his state performs, that the will of god is marked out to us, and therefore all our perfection consists in doing them well. All persons are not capable of high and elevated prayer, and if they be not called to it, they will not at the day of Judgement be accountable for it, wherefore 'tis not necessary to them to know the severall degrees of prayer, and all that is got by such notions, is either vanity, if they flatter themselves with a belief that they are carried by those sublime wayes: or else discouragement, if they find themselves incapable of them: but there are none of how mean a capacity soever

they be, who are not able to perform their actions with an interiour spirit, and therefore 'tis not only profitable, but necessary to know how to animate them with it: because we shall be examined and judged upon this point, and the first head of our examination will be, whether we have acted as christians, and not as Pagans, or barely as men?

I add that it is very hard to very many souls to penetrate, or even to conceive the great maximes of abnegation, of relinquishing all humane things, of interiour silence, of the passive state, of the death to all that is sensible, of the loss & consummation of a soul in god. But there is no soul, how little soever it be enlightened by god, which may not easily learn to perform these ordinary actions with christian sentiments; and regulate the conduct of it's life according to the maximes of the Gospel: wherefore I here lay down an easy way, or method, whereby all devout & christian souls may arrive to an eminent degree of vertue, fulfill the perfection of their state, please god in all things they do, act in all things according to the spirit of grace, and not according to the

*The Preface.*

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sentiments of nature , gather together in a short time great treasures of merits , fly not onely idleness the ordinary fault of the world , but the unprofitable passing of their life ; the common errour even of vertuous persons , perform from morning to night the will of god , without straying one moment from this way , become ( as David was ) persons according to gods own heart , & in fine render themselves by an exact fidelity , very great Saints ; and this by doing nothing else but their ordinary daily actions. For my part , when I consider that god has annexed our perfection to the exact performance of our daily actions , that 'tis of these he will require an account at the day of judgement , that it is to animate us to perform these that he gives us his graces , and that when we have any one of them to do , all that he requires of us , is nothing but our fidelity in performing it ; I am surpris'd to see so few apply themselves to a holy and exact performance of them ; and that they seek vertue and perfection in things which god requires not at their hands. Let us therefore endeavour to make a firm resolution to

do all our ordinary actions of the day well, and place our perfection in this practice; let us avoid all things in them which may be displeasing to god, & take care to omit nothing in their performance which may be pleasing to him; let us perform them after such a manner, as that god may be the soul of all our actions and endeavours, and that there may be nothing human or unprofitable in all that we do, so that we may never be one moment without meriting and tending towards god; that Jesus-Christ may live in us, as the Apostle says, and that the spirit of his grace may animate all our thoughts, all our words, and all our works. I know very well that souls who are after an extraordinary manner carried to prayer, ought not to tie themselves to particular motives or reflections for the right performance of their actions, and that they ought to content themselves in following with fidelity the impulse of gods grace, and to suffer themselves to be led to the performance of them by the spirit which animates them, and which will make them avoid the imperfections which are ordinarily committed in such perfor-



mances even when they do not foresee them: But since there are very few such souls, and that they as well as others will be able to find in the advice that I give, the sources of retirement and recollection, that is to say, such thoughts as will make them enter into themselves even in the midst of their distractive Employments, there are therefore few persons, or to say better, none, who may not reap profit out of these exercises. But that they may be able to do so, I would counsell them to read them often, till such time as having so fixed in their minds all these sentiments, they may upon all occasions use them as a rule whereby to perform all their actions in an holy manner, and it would be good also to run them over at the end of the week or month, thereby to discover and take a view of all their faults. In the beginning they may also content themselves with the practice of the rules relating to the performance of some particular action, as of Masse, for example, and afterwards endeavour to perfect themselves in the rest. For I cannot but affirm, that we have not any means more sure, easy, and efficacious, of ma-

king our selves Saints, &c arriving to an eminent degree of vertue, then by doing all our actions with an interiour spirit: this is that we ought to apply our selves to, all the days of our life, and we may assure our selves that to die in this exercise, is to die the death of Saints.



**THE**





# THE

*Daily exercises of a Christian life*

## OR

*The interiour Spirit with which we  
ought to animate our actions  
all the day long.*

I.

### RISING.



THE holiness of life and death  
depending on our passing over  
the day in an holy manner,  
& the passing of it well consi-  
sting chiefly in a good beginning of it:  
I dare affirm, that the action which one  
ought to perform with the greatest fer-  
vour, is that of rising in the morning:  
wherefore take care to rise every day an-  
abroad, and thoughts of sin.

a constant and regulated hour, and if you find any difficulty in it, think of Jesus-Christ hanging upon his crosse, to which the love of you fixed him, much faster then the nails; from whence he reproaches you with your delicacy and sloath; and you will be ashamed to give this ease to your body, seeing your saviours body torn, & his blood exhausted for the love of you. You may also sometimes, if you please, think of that which a soul in Purgatory suffers for the sloath it had in rising, whilst it lived. and entertaining your self with these good thoughts, get up with fervour, having first consecrated to god your heart and soul, & put him into possession of your self. You may rise ordinarilie in Summer at five of the clock, and at six in the winter. When you are up the first thing you are to perform, is prayer, which consists chiefly in four acts. By the first, you adore God as present, and give him thanks for having had the goodness to preserve you that night from suddain death. By the second you offer to him all your thoughts, words, and deeds, and all your sufferings together with your self, in union with the thoughts, words,

deeds, & sufferings of Jesus Christ, praying him to act in you, and to animate you to suffer, and to keep you all that day intimately united to him by a faithfull imitation of his life in all that you do. By the third act you ask pardon of God for your past sins, making a firm resolution of avoiding all mortall & veniall sin, & particularly to take care of that imperfection you find your self most subject to, and to practice that vertue which you have undertaken that month to practice: asking for this end, the assistance of that Saint whom you have for your patron & protectour. By the fourth act you must commit & resign your self first to the bounty & goodness of God, in order to all the graces which he shall please to bestow that day upon you, then to his Justice in order to all the pains & afflictions which he shall please to send you, welcoming them as from his hand, & accepting them with resignation, & lastly to his providence in order to all the good & bad success which he shall permit, in what you undertake or perform. After these Acts, say a *Pater*, *Ave* & *Credo* together with the *Confiteor* and if you please, the Litanies of Jesus, & three

times *Gloria Patri*, &c. in honour of the blessed Trinity. In fine, pray to the blessed Virgin, your good Angell, & Patron, to assist and preserve you, & offer up the Masses that shall be said that day throughout the whole world, to obtain of God fidelity to concur with his grace, as also an happy death.

### DRESSING.

**H**Alf an hour past five or past six (according to the time of your rising) dress your self; (1.) with modesty, & without any satisfaction or complacence in your cloaths, remembering that God looks upon you, & that this body you take so much pains to dress & adorn, may perhaps the same day become the food of worms: consider also that Jesus Christ would die naked upon the cross to satisfy for the vanity which we take in our cloaths, & to punish it in himself; (2.) It will be also good to deuest your self of this vanity, & gratefully to acknowledge the goodness of your dying Jesus, in reducing

himself to this poor condition for your sake, by depriving your self from time to time of some little ornament that pleases you most, tho it were but of a ribband, which you may sacrifice unto him, or you may forbear to wear that day some better sute of cloaths or gown, for his sake; all which will be very pleasing to him. ( 3. ) Aboue all, look not in your glass but for meer necessity, that so you may avoid such satisfactions & complacences as may happen in that action; consider that your soul is as disagreeable in the sight of god, & as naked of the ornaments of vertue, as your dressings & ornaments are agreeable in your own. ( 4. ) Employ no more time in dressing then is purely necessary, remembring that you must give an account to god for the time unnecessarily spent in it. After this, give order for such things as are to be done about your house.



## III.

## PRAYER.

**A**T seven of the clock, or half an hour past it, (according to the time necessarily required for your dressing and ordering the affaires of your household) make your prayer for the space of half an hour, retiring your self in to a Closer, if you are not alone in your chamber, or if you cannot perform it with convenient recollection at home, you may go to the Church; but it would be much more to the purpose to make it before you quite dress your self, if you make it at home. In prayer, follow the advice of your directour, without consulting others, and above all, remember to observe three things, first, often to renew the presence of God, & sweetly and familiarly entertain your self with him concerning the truths you meditate of, to the end you may always remain with due respect, and more easily avoid distractions; Secondly receive with patience such aridities, disgusts, distractions, or wanderings of the imagination, as God per-



mits to happen to you in prayer, looking on this as the best way to profic much in a short time in the pure loue of god, which is so remote from whatsoever is sensible: Moreouer in this condition you ought to do nothing else save onely (1.) to humble and annihilate your self before the divine Majesty of God, looking on your self as unworthy to speak unto him. (2.) offer up your disabilities and weaknesses to God; resigning your self to his will, & protesting that you seek or desire nothing but purely to please him. (3.) raise your self by frequent elevations of your heart to God, & chiefly by acts of faith, hope, charity, humility, and resignation, not troubling your self if you do not this with sweetness or facility & being throughly perswaded, that the more violence you use towards your self, the more pleasing you are to Almighty God. (4.) in fine, you ought in this condition, to continue on your Knees with fidelity, during the whole time of your prayer, (unless you are hindred by indisposition) detaining your self in a posture full of respect, and as a victim sacrificed as well to the power

of a God, whom you honour by executing his will, in spite of the difficulty you find in it, as to his justice, which you glorifie by suffering, either the proof he makes of your fidelity, or the pain wherewith he punisheth your past unfaithfulness. The third thing to be observed in prayer is, to make particular purposes & resolutions, as for example, to overcome your inclinations & humours, to renounce your own will, to mortifie your senses, to humble, moderate, & recollect your self in such & such occasions. In conclusion, you ought to offer your good purposes & resolutions to Jesus-Christ by the hands of his blessed mother. The last thing to be performed is that when you know that God acts in you by certain lights or good motions, which he bestows upon you, you must receive these graces with a spirit altogether annihilated, with an humble heart full of silence, without abandoning your self intirely to sensibility, & without endeavouring by sighs or other tendernesses, to conserve or augment the favours which you feel, above all keep your self barely attentive during the whole



whole time to God, who acts in you, rather then to what he does. You must take care not to rest in a speculative & languishing faith of his verities accompanied with a barren & emptie satisfaction, but ought to animate both with a lively & practical faith, & efficacious resolution to act accordingly.

## IV.

*MASSE.*

**A**T eight of the clock hear masse, according to the practice which has been taught you, or according to the spiritual exercise which you have for this purpose in some of your manuals, or else you may satisfie your self with observing the following directions. First go quietly to the Church, begging of the blessed Virgin to obtain for you such sentiments & feelings of compassion & love as she had for her son when she accompanied him to Mount Calvary, & say to your self come let us go my

Soul, let us go to see thy Saviour crucified. Secondly, entring into the Church, take holy water, conceiving an hearty sorrow for your sins; & keeping your eyes in an humble submissive posture, before your God & your Judge adore him with a lively faith, & give him your heart. So long as you shall be in the Church, & chiefly all the time of holy masse continue in a respectfull posture without looking about, and do not sit down, unless by reason of some indisposition or weakness, or that you should stay there very long. Thirdly, offer the mass you go to hear unto Almighty God, in union with the intentions which Iesus Christ himself had, when he offered the same sacrifice for us upon Mount Calvary, & which he now will have when he offers it againe to his eternall father upon the Altar. Protest that you desire to joyn with him in his designs and to have the same interior dispositions, as also to make your whole self a victime together with him to be sacrificed to the glory of God

alone. But in particular offer the mass for these four ends, first, to honour the greatness of God, secondly, to thank him for all the graces and favours that he hath ever bestowed upon you; thirdly, to help and comfort the poor souls in purgatory & more especially those who are forgotten & abandoned by others, or are detained there through your fault; fourthly to beg of God for the sake of Iesus Christ some particular grace and favour, as the victory over your own humour, the love of your enemies, a greater recollection, & such other virtues, as you find your self to stand most in need of; you may offer the same in the fifth place for that sinner who shall be in danger that day of dying in mortall sin without confession. Fourthly, after these intentions (which you ought, if you have opportunity, to make before mass) if you have not time to say your vocall prayers after mass, you may recite them from the beginning of mass till, *Sanctus*, but if you have other time for them, attend during

the whole mass with all interior application imaginable to this great sacrifice, either as your spirituall director has advised, or according to the rules of your manuell, or else after this manner, first, in the beginning, ask together with the priest the pardon of your sins, saying the *Confiteor*, & then till the Gospel exercise your soul in the consideration of the goodness of God, who seeing in what an impossibility we were of saving our selves, descended from heaven, made himself man, was born in a stable, abasing & annihilating himself before his father to appease his wrath, which wee had justly provoked; then give thanks to our Saviour for this excess of bounty & goodness towards you, & protest that this day you will endeavour to humble your self in gratitude for & in honour of the humiliations & annihilations of his incarnation.

Secondly at the Gospel make an act of faith & belief of all the vertues which the priest there reads, protesting that you are ready to die for the faith

Beg of our Saviour to augment & increase it in you, & to render it lively & active; desire him to enlighten & convert all Infidels & Hereticks; & offer your self to his justice to suffer that day something for their conversion. Thirdly at the offertory, offer up to God as a sacrifice by the hands of Iesus Christ your body, soul, life, reputation, kinred, family, estate, & all that you have, and protest that you will make no other use of them then for the service & glory of God, and salvation of your own soul, & that you will retrench whatsoever s'hall be ill in them, and even deprive your self often of what is not absolutely usefull, sanctifying your whole exteriour by the spirit and conduct of his grace. Fourthly, from *Sanctus*, to the Elevation, think upon the death of our Saviour, going over the chief mysteries of his passion from the garden of Olives to his crucifixion, but make this reflection without staying long upon each particular, satisfying your self with beholding Iesus suffering in these mysteries with a tender compassion, an

acknowledgement for, & a love of his goodness, together with sorrow for your sins & wickedness. Fifthly, at the Elevation, offer unto the eternal father Iesus Christ his onely son, adore him as lifted up on the cross for your sins, beg of him to obtain mercy for you & for all sinners, present to his father all the drops of blood he shed, all the moments of sadness his heart suffered, the wounds wherewith his whole body was covered, & the injuries he endured for you, & beg of him for the sake hereof, that he would have mercy on you.

Sixthly, till, *Domine non sum dignus*, imploy your thoughts upon Christ sacrificed for your sake upon the Altar, consider that he is come thither for your sake, that he thinks of you, that he prays for you, that he sacrifices himself to the justice of his father to appease his wrath against you; in a word, that this our amiable Saviour is wholly taken up with you & for you upon the Altar. This thought will move you presently to render thanks for this great bounty,

to hope firmly that you shall obtain whatever he asks for you, to unite your intentions with those which he has in order to your salvation, & to protest before God, that you ask the same which he asks for you, that you sacrifice all that to him which he sacrificed for you, and that you will stand to whatsoever promise he has made in your behalf. Seventhly, a little before the Communion of the priest dispose your self to a spiritual Communion by acts of faith, acknowledging that Jesus Christ is really upon the Altar, of hope, confiding that he will render you partaker of the effects of this adorable sacrament, of love, burning with an ardent desire of being united unto him, of humility, esteeming your self unworthy to receive him sacramentally. Eighthly after communion till the end of mass employ your self in thanking God for the graces & favours he has bestowed upon you, & which he hath asked for you during this holy sacrifice, as also in offering your self as a victime unto



him, sacrificing to him for that day some word or action that is pleasing to you. After mass say one, *De profundis*, one *Pater & Ave*, for the souls in Purgatory, and return home with modesty & silence.

## V.

## WORK.

**A**Bout nine of the clock being retired home ( for on those days wherein you do not communicate, 'tis enough to be one hour in the Church in the morning, half whereof may be spent in hearing mass, the other in vocall prayer ) you must fall to work, or do such busyness as you have in hand, taking care never to be idle, the spirit or intention wherewith this ought to be done is, first, to offer your work to God in union with that work & labour which Jesus & Mary performed in their house. Secondly, to remember from time to time that God looks upon you. Thirdly, to quit the action or work as soon as the will of God or charity



shall call you else where, without adhering thereunto with too great an affection. Fourthly to perform it with all the care and perfection that you are able without neglecting any thing in it. Fifthly to think often that God has condemned us for our sins to labour, & that one day in heaven we shall have nothing to do, but to love God. Sixthly, if your work be at your own disposall, do something from time to time for the poor, as about Christmas make swadling clouts for some child in honour of the Infant Jesus, or other work for the Altar according to your directours advice.

VI.

*EATING.*

**A** Little before dinner make a short reflection upon the vertue of the month, or the vice that is given you to overcome, see how you have behaved your self, & ask grace of God by the intercession of your Patron, to take more care and become more vigilant the rest of the

day: one may add hereunto the reading of a chapter out of *Thomas a Kempis*, if you have leisure, (which assure your self will not be lost) secondly say grace, or the *Benedicite*, not in haste & barely out of custome, but with attention & respect, remembering that you speak to God, & that he beholds you. Thirdly, never pass a meal without offering to our Lord some little bit which is most pleasing to you, depriving your self thereof to give it him, but in such a manner as that no notice may be taken of it. Fourthly, from time to time offer to God this action, which of it self being low, mean, & indifferent, ought to be animated with an holy intention to make it meritorious of heaven. Fifthly, sit at table with modesty & gravity, without being taken up with, or searching after the pleasing of your appetite: think sometimes how Iesus & Mary performed this action ( & this ought to be the model you propose to your self in all other actions. ) In fine remember that the Saints gave with regret & onely out

of necessity this satisfaction to their bodies, which they look upon as their greatest enemies. Sixthly I would counsell you not to eat between meals without great necessity, but you may break fast, because perhaps you may suffer prejudice by fasting all the morning, & consequently be less able to perform your business.

VII.

CONVERSATION.

**O**F all the actions of the day this is that in which you ought most to stand upon your guard, because there is more danger of offending God in this then in all others. In effect the holy Scripture says, that he who offends not with his tongue is perfect: wherefore to render your conversation truly Christian, & in it to bridle your tongue, observe the following advice. First, never speak of the faults of others, if you be not obliged in conscience to reprehend them, or to give others account of them.

Secondly before you enter into conversation, recommend your heart & tongue to your good Angell, that you may say nothing, nor consent to any thing that is said against your neighbour. Thirdly avoid as much as you can the conversation of worldlings, who speak of nothing in these times but vanity, fashions, & ornaments a la mode; But when necessity or decency obliges you to such company, stay as little amongst them as may be, because one ordinarily comes from them with wandring thoughts, & a heart very insensible of what belongs to God. Fourthly take care also not to talk too much of devotion, of prayer & direction, because ordinarily there is much of self loue & vanity in speaking too much of these matters, & it is more secure to hear others then to speak much on this subject. Fifthly, Notwithstanding you ought to let no conversation pass in which you do not handsomly bring in some good discourse ( & you will do well to seek the company of such as love to speak of God ) nevertheless

you ought to entertain none but your  
directour with any discourse of your  
own interiour. Sixthly, never say any  
thing, either to your own advantage,  
or against your self, for oftentimes it  
is a counterfeite-humility to undervalue  
ones self before others; whereas we  
should be very sorry that they should  
believe us to be such as we represent  
our selves; but the true mark of sin-  
cere humility is not to excuse our  
selves when we are reprehended or  
blamed for any thing. That a wife may  
keep the respect due to her husband,  
& a child to its father & mother, let  
them remember never to loose it in  
speaking, saying nothing that may  
offend them, nor contradicting them  
with obstinacy, or answering them  
with coldness, indifference, disrespect,  
or contempt. Eighthly, if you desire  
the spirit of recollecti<sup>on</sup> & prayer,  
fly the world & company as much as  
you can, never making visits but for  
meer necessity, nor entertaining any  
familiar acquaintance but with one or  
two persons of devotion like your self.  
Ninthly, banish from your conversa-

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*Daily Exercises*

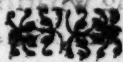
tion all unprofitable curiosity concerning the life & conduct of others, all vanity, lowrness and immoderate affection, carry your self cheerfully & ciuilly, but so as to avoid distraction or dissipation of mind.

VIII.

READING.

**A**FTER dinner & the recreation following it, you must read in some spirituall booke for half, or a quarter of an hour, as shall be appointed you, and that you may do this with fruit, first, in the beginning humbly crave grace of our Saviour to profit by it, saying either, *veni sancte Spiritus*, or a *Pater & Ave*. Secondly read not out of curiosity & in haste, but leisurely and with attention, & when you meet with any thing either moving or instructive, rest there a little while, endeavouring, as it were to relish it, consider how you may be able that day to practice it, & beg of the holy ghost to imprint it in your heart. Thirdly be not in pain to read

many pages in your book, read a little, but with great recollection & attention, always apply what you read in order to practice? & consider now & then that those very truths, which you read will condemn you one day before gods tribunal if you do not follow them. [Fourthly let not this spirituall reading be ordinarily but in solid and moving books, & such as your directour shall approve, Fifthly be not troubled if you remember nothing of what you have read, but commit all that you have read to him who is able to touch & move your heart independently of those truths which you read, Sixthly after your reading thank God for having thereby instructed you, & make a firm resolution by the assistance of his grace to practice the Instructions he has given you,





## IX.

## SILENCE.

**A**fter your reading you must return to your work if you have not some business which obliges you to go abroad, & take care at two of the clock to keep an half, or a quarter of an hour of silence according as your directour shall think fit. During the time of your silence, first, often call to mind the silence which Jesus, Mary & Joseph often observed during their work, uniting your silence with theirs, sometimes think of the sacred silence observed in heaven by the Saints, who are wholly absorpt in God, & do you sigh and long after that happy repose; sometimes also entertain your self in your heart with your good Angell, thanking him for the care he takes of your salvation, promising him due respect & fidelity in performing whatsoever he shall inspire you to do, & begging of him to present your prayers, & the desires  
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of your heart to our Saviour: you may at another time imploy your thoughts on the necessity of spending our time well & on the account which we must render to God, for every moment of our life: or if you please in case you be alone, recite some vocall prayers which you can say by heart, but take care that no one perceives this keeping of silence in you unless it be such as observe the like, & therefore make no difficulty in answering any question which is made you, satisfying your self that you do not speak of your own accord. Thirdly offer this silence to God in satisfaction for the faults you have that day committed in speaking. Fourthly, I would counsell you to impose on your self from time to time some little space of silence, for example, during a *Miserere*, when you have spoken any words of humour or sensuall inclination, or against charity, imposing it on your self when you have most desire to speak.

## X.

*The visit of the blessed Sacrament  
& of the prayer in the evening  
called, the Salve.*

**T**Owards four or five of the clock in the evening go to the Church, either to make a second half hour of prayer, if your directour judges it convenient, or to be present at the *Benediction* or *Salve*. Take care to perform this visit of the blessed Sacrament with spirit and fervour, & not meerly out of custome, & without fruit. First on sundays present your self to our blessed Saviour, to honour the glorious state of his body risen from the dead, which is upon the Altar, testifying the joy you have of its glory, rendring thanks to the blessed Trinity for this marvellous beauty which it has communicated to the sacred body of our blessed Saviour, & begging of him with confidence to bestow on your body a participation

of these glorious qualities at the resurrection, making a strong resolution to receive with love all corporall pains, which will purchase such a resplendent glory to our bodys, as the pains & torments which our saviour suffered brought to his, doing in fine the same by an act of faith towards Jesus Christ, which the Saints perform towards him in the clear sight of his glory. Secondly, on Mondays honour in this visit the state of a victim or sacrifice, which our saviour has in the blessed Sacrament, offering up your whole self to his love; sacrificing to him the curiosity of your eyes, the bitterness and impatience of your speech, the eagerness of your desires, the distractions of your mind & the evill affections & inclinations of your heart; & since Jesus Christ, always bears about him this state of death and quality of a victim or sacrifice on our Altars, offering himself continually on them to his eternall father for us, so to honour him in this state, you must all the day long carry the spirit of a sacrifice about

you, which will cause you in all occasions to die to your own humours & inclinations, & to sacrifice to God your naturall repugnances. And tis on this day you must possess your self of such sentiments as these, that all the week following you may practice the same, considering Jesus Christ in this visit as a victim both of justice & loue, & begging of him to render you conformable to himself herein. Thirdly on Tuesdays, honour the exact & constant obedience which Iesus practises in the blessed Sacrament, submitting himself to the voice or call of a man, & abandoning himself to his disposall how bad soever he be, and make a firm resolution of doing all things with the spirit of obedience, submitting your self to all, & obeying those in particular who are in the place of Superiours. Fourthly on wednesdays imploy your self in the consideration of the wonderfull patience of Iesus in the blessed Sacrament, which causeth him to suffer all the outrages of hereticks and ill christians with perfect

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constancy, not being weary of staying day and night upon our Altars, that he may gain the hearts even of his enemies. Endeavour to honour this patience by a compassion of his sufferings, & by asking pardon for such as are wanting in their respect unto him, and by devoting your self to his justice with a resolution to suffer all things without murmuring for the satisfaction thereof, & even to oblige those who offend you. Fifthly on Thursdays, honour the humility of Iesus in the blessed Sacrament, which makes him live such an hidden & contemptible life, often abandoned & forsaken by all men for whose salvation he sacrifices himself upon the Altar; wherefore animate your self to bear him company as often as you can, sighing & longing in your heart after Iesus in the blessed Sacrament when you are absent in body, & loving and desiring a life like unto his, which renders you unknown, neglected, and abandoned of all the world. Sixthly on frydays, honour his love which obliges him to give

himself intirely to you without any reserve, to the end that you may be wholly transformed into him, Endeavour to expresse such a disinterested loue towards him; but be sure to manifest the same rather by deeds then words. Seventhly on Saturdays, honour that liberality which he expresses in those graces he bestows on you in your communions, & by keeping himself always upon the Altar to appease the wrath of his father, which is enkindled against you. Thank him for the miracles he works, that he may give himself unto you. Admire a God who is ( as it were ) so prodigall of himself. Beg pardon for the ill use you have made of so many graces as he has bestowed on you in your communions. The subjects of these visits may oftentimes serve you for the entertainment of your prayer in the afternoon.





XI.

*EXAMEN.*

**A** Little before dinner, recollect your self & take a view of the infidelities which you have been guilty of that morning in the practice of the vertue of the month, in overcoming your own ill humours, bad inclinations and natural repugnances, beg pardon for them of God by a sigh or two from the bottom of your heart.

At night before you go to bed, make your generall Examen, first of your ordinary faults & sudden sallies of passion; Secondly touching the ill use of divine graces, & the ill employment of your time; Thirdly touching the spirit & intention wherewith you have animated your actions. examining whether they proceeded from natural inclination, passion, or meer custome, or else were performed with a good intention and inward fervour, then make a solid & sincere act of sorrow, rather then a sensible one, & unite

it by your intention with that act of contrition, which you shall endeavour to make at your next confession, & that you may produce this act the better, cast your eyes upon Iesus crucified by you & for you, & behold with confusion & regret, a God expiring through grief & loue in your behalf, sometimes consider the bounty and Goodness of God, in expecting you, in seeking after you, & in receiving you with loue, after so many infidelities and offences; sometimes hearken to what he says in the bottom of your heart. Grow you weary of offending me, since you see I do not grow weary of doing what good I can for you; Sacrifice to me that vanity, that curiosity, that humour, that sudden motion of anger, which has so many years stood in competition with me for the possession of your heart, for which I have sacrificed the very last drop of my blood. After your Examen say five *Paters* and *Aves* in penance for your faults. When you go to bed, think a little on death which may perhaps

*of a Christian life.* 49  
perhaps surprise you that very night.

## XII.

*The spirit of recollection which  
we ought to preserve during  
the whole day.*

**T**HE spirit of recollection is the fruit of a good prayer, & of a communion worthily received; you will obtain this recollection, by calling to mind the presence of God, which you may do, first, by breathing forth every hour these or the like aspirations: My God I am wholly yours. O that I might die to my self, to live to you & die in your love! Secondly, say in the beginning of every work or action: I do all for you my God, all in your presence, all for your love, ô how glad am I to please you in this action! Thirdly, entring into company say, ô my good Angel, guard my heart & tongue, to the end I may neither speak any thing against charity, nor hear it with complacence, or any other concurrence on my part,

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Fourthly, being in pain or trouble, as also in aridity or dryness in prayer, or at any time out of humour, say, *ô my God, be you my strength & support, let me take a satisfaction in that pleasure which you have that I should suffer for your sake. I am confounded in your presence, to see how miserable & weak I am in the performance of what is good, but at the same time, I rejoyce at my being nothing since you are all: I willingly accept, & am heartily contented with my weakneses & imbecillities, which may serve to destroy all self-loue, & to establih your most holy & pure loue in my heart.* Fifthly, being ready to give way to any sudden anger or other passion, cast your eyes on God, who looks on you and preserves you from yeilding to the temptation, and say, let me rather die *ô my God* then satisfie my self in any thing that displeases you. By the frequent use of these aspirations, you will conserve your heart in devotion, & be always disposed for prayer, you will easily hinder distractions of mind which at

that time are wont to disturb you: whatsoever you do, will be ( as I may say ) full of God; you will live with such an equality and stedfastness of mind, as will render you superiour to all sallies of passion, & animate all your actions with interiour life & spirit.

XIII.

*The spirit of mortification for every day.*

**Y**OU shall practice this mortification, first, in your eyes, depriving them of all curiosity and voluntary levity. Secondly, in your tongue, forbearing all words of curiosity, anger, vanity, impatience, & detraction. Thirdly, in your taste, restraining and moderating its sensuality, and the too great desire & curiosity of your appetite, & above all, by not eating without necessity between meals: Fourthly, in the sense of hearing, avoiding to hearken after news, or other unprofitable curiosities touching the life or manners of others, & such affairs

as do not belong to you. Fifthly, in your body, fasting or using some other mortification, according to the advice, & with the permission of your directour. Sixthly, in your mind, cutting off all unprofitable reflections upon your self or others, but especially such as disquiet you, or proceed from human respects. Seventhly, in your heart, restraining its solicitude & hasty eagerness in what it goes about, the excessive ardour of its desires, the disquiets & anxieties that afflict it when it is discontented, the vain satisfaction which it takes in any graces received from Almighty God, its too great tie or inordinate affection to its devotions, & in fine, whatsoever is sensible therein; since your heart must die to all these things, that it may live intirely to God, wherefore by little & little, you must wholly destroy, or at least moderate them. Above all, study to deny your own will by an exact fidelity & a constancy in that rule or course of life which you have undertaken, & by overcoming all your naturall repug-

nances; & this is the exercise wherein ( properly speaking ) true devotion & solid vertue consist.



## CHRISTIAN TRUTHS

*Which may serve for subject or matter of aspirations prayer, for ore very day, when one has not taken any determinate subject or when what we have taken does not move us.*

### I.

**T**Here is nothing great but God, & nothing to be esteemed but what conduceth to his service; all the rest ought to be despised.

### II.

**G**od knows all the misery that happens to me, & can deliver



me from it, if he pleases, and having done & suffered so much as he hath for my sake, I cannot doubt but that he loves me; wherefore certainly it is more advantageous for me to suffer this misery wherein I am at present, then to be delivered from it, since God does not think fit to take it away.

## III.

**I**T is now a long time that the goodness of God has urged me to overcome this ill habit, this domineering passion, that his patience has expected my amendment, & that his mercy has received me into favour, as often as I have confessed these failings; & yet I use no endeavour to correct & overcome them: ought I not to grow weary of offending a God who is not weary of pardoning me?

## IV.

**T**O act in gods presence with sloath or passion, to act with God by a motive of self-love, is to

*of a Christian life.* 55  
dishonour his presence, to abuse his  
power, & to injure his loue.

**I**F a soul in purgatory had but one  
hour of that time which we loose,  
what would it not do to merit hea-  
ven? and if we had been but one mo-  
ment in those flames, what would we  
not do to avoid the least veniall sin?

V I.

**T**He abuse of gods graces & fa-  
vours is so much the more to  
be feared, by how much the less it  
is apprehended; there is no inspira-  
tion which cost not our Saviour Je-  
sus Christ much blood & pain, and  
yet every moment we neglect &  
contemn them: ô how terrible will  
be the account which one day will  
be demanded of them!

## VII.

**T**hat we may be able to suffer with courage, we must consider, that we suffer in the presence of God, for God, & with God; That the happinesse of a Christian upon earth consists in suffering, that pains are the heart's delight of Jesus; & that pure loue is onely found upon the cross: wherefore we ought to suffer purely, without consolation, faithfully, without sloath, & peaceably, without impatience.

## VIII.

**J**esus laid in the manger, Jesus dying on the cross, & Jesus sacrificed for us on the Altar, ought to be the center of our hearts, & of our devotion, to the end that these three states of Jesus may render us victims of the loue, justice, & wisdom of God.

IX.

**A** Soul ought always to have the desire of seeing God, the fear of loosing him, & the sorrow of not being yet worthy to possess him.

X.

**S**olid vertue & true devotion consist, first, in using a continuall violence against our selves; Secondly, in a continuall victory over our naturall repugnances: Thirdly, in not yeilding to, or sparing our selves in any thing of humour or passion: Fourthly, in suffering with joy, or at least, with an interiour and exterior quietness, the being reprehended for our faults before others, & contradicted in all our inclinations. If we do not endeavour to get this abnegation, we may be assured, that we shall never get solid vertue, & that all our devotion will be nothing else but delusion.

## X.

**W**Hat a folly is it to have so great an affection to, or concern for such goods as in a moment will slip away from us, & so great an indifferency for those that will remain with us for ever! and this, when we know that those are not so much as the shadow of these? ô my God! is it reasonable, that there should be nothing but you which we can loose without displeasure? or that we should be less concern'd to loose a suit at law, or displease a freind?

## X I L

**W**E ought to go to confession with a spirit of sorrow, & to come from it with a spirit of sacrifice & oblation, in offering our selves intirely to the rigours of the justice of God, & arming our selves with a just desire of revenging on our selves all the injuries which we have done to God. We ought moreover, to remember after confession, to apply the satisfactions of our dying Iesus for our

sins , offering them to his Eternall father ; as also, to present to the justice of God all the sufferings which he shall please to send us till our next confession , resolving to impose some pennance on our selves over and above what the Confessour has enjoyn'd us, as some almes , some restraint of our humour or passion , or the like ; but above all we , ought to take care not to dissipate or distract our selves immediately after confession.

XIII.

**A**pproach unto Iesus Christ in the Communion with such a lively faith of his presence, as may put you to an holy confusion ; Secondly, with such a confidence, as those sick persons had, who ( according to the Scripture ) doubted not but that they should be healed, if they could but once approach Iesus Christ, or touch his garments : Thirdly, with a fervent loue, & with a great desire of uniting your self most intimately with Iesus , & of transforming your self intirely into him , that you may

neither live nor act but by him for him, & in him. Fourthly, receive him with a profound respect, humbling & annihilating your self in his presence; & being content to remain at his feet in silence: Fifthly, beg of him, that he himself would return thanks to his eternall father for you, that he would entertain himself within you, since you are unable to make him such an entertainment as he deserves, & that he would ask for you that which he sees necessary: Sixthly, joyn with that sacrifice which he makes of himself in your heart, a sacrifice of whatsoever is there displeasing to him. Seventhly, ask of him with confidence, a victory over your bad inclinations, & offer some one of your defects to him, desiring him to overcome it in you, & cause you to keep a watch over your self for that purpose, till your next communion. Eighthly, remember, that the true fruit of a good communion, consists in strength to overcome your self in occasions, & to keep your self more recollected, during that whole



day, rather then in tenderness & sensible devotion which is soon dissipated.

XIV.

**O**Ne ought to neglect nothing in the service of God, but to be very faithfull to avoid the least & most light imperfections, & to overcome ones self in small things, to perform even the least actions as in the presence of God, to mortify ones self in a thousand very inconsiderable occasions, to sanctifie the least pains by a generall resignation of our selves to the justice of God, without this fidelity, 'tis impossible ever to arrive to an eminent perfection, nay one will soon fall into tepidity, & into a great danger of being lost.

XV.

**A**ll the world speaks of dying to themselves, but few know what it is, & scarce any one does it with such fidelity as is necessary; & yet none can have an intire conversion to God, & live intirely to

him, without ceasing to live to themselves. The first step that leads to this death, is to deny all such satisfaction to our senses as is either inordinate, or unprofitable, and to purifie them, by mortifying & displeasing objects. Wherefore, 'tis not enough not to forbear the looking on any object with any tie of satisfaction or curiosity, or the giving ear to any thing which is spoken against our neighbour, or to what we have too eager a desire of knowing, or the speaking with passion, impatience, or vanity, or the eating between meals, or at meals, with too much desire of pleasing our appetites; I say, it is not enough, to refuse these & a thousand other little commodities & unprofitable pleasures to our bodies, but we ought to oblige our selves sometimes to see, to speak, and to hear such things as we have a repugnance to, & which mortify & displease us. The second step to die to ones self, is to suppress & stifle such reflections & thoughts of mind, as are unprofitable or curious,

or may give our soul any inclination towards creatures. The third step is to moderate the desires of our heart, when they are too violent, & to retrench or cutt off all adhesion & tie to creatures, all search after them, & all rest & confidence in them, that we may keep fast to God alone.





# DISPOSITIONS of mind during the time of Advent.

## I.

*An ardeni desire that Iesus Christ  
may be born & reign absolute  
ly in our hearts.*

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The 1. Exercise.

*For the Morning.*

**T**Hat which was done from the beginning of the world by the holy Patriarcks, who all sighed after the coming of our Saviour, for the salvation of all mankind in generall, the same each christian ought to perform for his own advantage in particular, during this holy time of Advent.

1. We

1. We ought to wish that Jesus may be born in us, & this ought to be our onely, as well as efficacious & constant desire, that is to say, 1. We must desire nothing but to possess Jesus, & be possessed by him, to love him & to be beloved by him. ( 2. ) we must desire that he should reign absolutely in our understandings, by a lively & active faith, in our hearts, by a strong & over- ruling love which may render our wills intirely subject to his, & bound & stop all the fallies of humour & passion over our senses, by depriving them of all such satisfactions as they inordinately seek after, & over our actions, by conforming our life to the pattern of his own; because it is by this means, that Jesus will be born in our hearts & reign absolutely in them, & will be in us, as the soul of a holy & perfect life. 3. In fine, this desire of the birth of Jesus in our souls, ought to be constant; that we may joyfully consent, that our Saviour should himself endeavour to form his own image within us, by pains

both of body & mind, by persecutions from men, & derelictions from God, & by all the evils of this life, as a carver makes use of his chissel & hammer, & by force of blows, renders his statue beautifull, cutting off whatever is any way rude or deformed therein.

2. But that we may obtain of God this spirituall birth of Jesus Christ in our souls, let us address ourselves to the blessed Trinity; let us daily ask of the Eternall Father, to give us his son; that is to say, that he would animate us with his spirit, & with his maxims, & destroy in us, the spirit & maxims of the world: And we out of a due acknowledgement of so pretious a gift (since 'tis no less then God himself) ought to receive the same with much respect & gratitude in the communion, whereof, 'tis good to partake frequently during this holy time.

3. Let us beg of the son of God that he would give himself intirely to our souls as a victim in the blessed Sacrament of the Altar, wherein he in-

corporates himself with us, & transforms us in to himself; & that as the fruit & benefit of our communions, he would let us live only for him, by him, & in him: For him, as the end of all our actions, by a pure & holy intention; by him, as the source & life of whatsoever we shall either do, say, or think; & in him, as in a center, where our hearts will be at rest. Or else, that he would give himself unto us, as the model & pattern of our life, which cannot be christian, unless it be like unto that of Iesus Christ: Or lastly, that he would bestow himself on us as the remedy, & vanquisher of sin, of self-love, & of our evil inclinations, hindring us from falling into any voluntary fault, healing the wounds & scarrs which sin has made in our souls, by imparting to us a sincere sorrow for having committed them, a firm resolution of avoiding them, the tears & sighs of an humble contrite heart & the holy martyrdom of an heart, which is an enemy to its own pleasures, & is armed against it self by



an holy hatred.

4. Let us in fine, beg of the holy Ghost, that he would produce & form Iesus Christ in our hearts, by the most pure flames of his loue, and that he would imprint in them the simplicity, humiliry, & innocence of the Infant Iesus. (1. His simplicity, first, that we may treat with God in prayer, without reflecting on any thing which is not himself, nor even on that which we receive from him, to the end that we may unite our selves to him with the whole strength of our souls, permitting him to take the intire possession of us: Next, that we may treat with men in our commerce & conversations, without any dissimulation or deceit: And lastly, that we may treat with our own selves, without flattering our selves in our faults, or hiding them from our own sight (2.) His humiliry, not such however as that of a God (as it were) annihilated, for man cannot descend or humble himself after this manner, because he cannot go beyond his nothing, out of which he was taken,

but such as consist in a sincere acknowledgement of what we are, viz, according to nature, pure nothing, neither meriting of, nor good for any thing; & in respect of grace, unable to think so much as one good thought by our own strength, or to recover our selves from the state of sin without the actual help & assistance of God; having onely power of our selves, to do evil, & incur our damnation.

3. The innocence of the Infant Iesus, that we may be preserved from all sin, & even from such venial ones as are voluntary, & free from all inordinate affections, or ties to creatures, & as far as is possible, from all imperfection: ( 4. ) That you may obtain these graces of the Infant Iesus, say at the end of your prayer ( for matter whereof, you may take these considerations ). 1. time *Pater & Ave* & 3. times *Gloria Patri*, And often, in the day time, endeavour to produce in your heart, most ardent desires that Iesus Christ may be born in you.



## I I.

*Adore Iesus in the bosome of  
Mary, & salute Mary  
in the heart of Iesus.*

## THE II EXERCISE.

*For the Evening.*

**W**E must consider with a profound respect a God inclosed in the womb of a Virgin, & acknowledge in adoring him, that as little, as hidden, & as annihilated as he is, in the chaste bowells of the Virgin, he is the same God who is adored by the Angells in heaven, & is the absolute Lord and Sovereign of all creatures; Then unite our selves in spirit & will, with those all divine dispositions which he possesses in the bosome of Mary, & with the most loving designs he has for our salvation.

2. Let us take notice of the virtues which this Infant God practised in this prison in which he was shut up for nine months together, for our instruction & for our good. Let us admire the profound humility of an Infant shut up in his mothers womb. In effect, he there hides his power under weakness, he there confines his immensity within the little body of an Infant, & annihilates all the splendour of his glory in the obscurity & lowlyneſſ of Infancy. And after all this, is it juſt that pure nothings as we are, ſhould deſire to elevate ourſelves above others, deſpiſe them, give place to none, ſearch after the eſteem of men, & have a high conceit & idea of our ſelves? O how far do we fly from annihilated Ieſus, while we elevate our ſelves by thoſe ſentiments of vanity!

3. 3. Let us conſider the patience of the ſame Saviour undergoing the incommodities to which all Infants are ſubject whiſt they are in this condition. Alas my Ieſus! from this very time, thou didſt foreſee my im,

patience, my murmurings, my delicacy that would suffer nothing: & you punish't your self on their score for me, from that very time, I begun to give you that pain, and cause you to suffer for the ungratefull, & sacrifice your self for miserable creatures who apprehend nothing more then to suffer. O Pains, ô dolours, ô Incommodities of life, how dear ought you to be to me, since from this very time you became the hearts delight of my Iesus!

4. In fine represent to your self, how rude & severe the mortification was, which little Iesus exercised upon his senses in the womb of his mother; having deprived them of their exercises, & of all their naturall satisfaction, that so you may do pennance for all the sensuall pleasures you abandon your selves unto: O curiosity of my eyes, how sensible you are to my Iesus, since to make satisfaction for you, he remained nine months in his mothers womb without seeing any thing! How highly am I obliged to you my Saviour, for imposing so long  
a silence

a silence upon your tongue, to obtain pardon for all my evil or unprofitable speeches which mine has pronounced. O how heartily I renounce for love of you, all the satisfaction of my senses, all the delicacies of my body, and all the affections I may feel in me that are human, curious, or unprofitable. O Iesus, ô amiable Infant, ô adorable victim of justice & love, I unite my self to the sacrifice you made of your intire self to your eternall Father, from the first moment of your life, which was a sacrifice of fidelity, of sorrow, & of obedience. O grant, that I may consummate it with you upon the cross!

5. Say Nine *Paters & Aves* every day, to honour the nine months that Iesus Christ was in the womb of the Virgin, & salute Iesus as often in the womb of Mary, & Mary, in the heart of Iesus. Retire your self from company as much as you are able, increase your mortifications, in your time of silence, keep your mind sweetly imployed with the

thoughts of the profound silence & intimate union of the soul of Mary, altogether lost & swallowed up in the bottomless depth of the heart of Iesus; Enter with her into this adorable sanctuary of love; which you will find full of bounty for you, & wholly taken up with the thoughts of your salvation. O how is Mary filled with the love of Iesus! & how is Iesus replenished with the love of Mary, & with charity for sinners! O holy Virgin, I conjure you by this admirable favour which you had in the possession of your Iesus, to fill my heart with the love of him.

*For the Feast and Octave of  
Christmas.*

**I**Mploy half an hour in Christmas Eve, or in the day, to think upon the most amiable mystery of the birth of Godman. Consider all the circumstances of it with admiration & love, represent to your self an Infant laid upon straw in a poor stable, all



trembling with cold, bound up in swaddling cloths, exposed to the winds, unknown to men for whose salvation he came into the world; & both he & his holy Mother abandon'd, & in want of all human succours: & finding your self astonished at so strange a condition, to which you see your Saviour reduced; let your heart, pierced with compassion, & filled with gratitude for little Jesus, break out in these exclamations: ô bounty, ô inconceivable love of my God! is it possible that my soul should be so dear to thee that for love of it, thou shouldst subject thy self to so many miseries? O humiliations of my Jesus, how do you condemn my pride & my vanity! O amiable Jesus, & so much the more lovely, by how much the more you have debased your self for my sake! What, my soul, canst thou behold a God, who has dispoiled himself of the splendour of his glory, & embraced an extream poverty to enrich thee with his graces. & yet endure to take pleasure in the dresses & worldly ornaments of your body?

You see a God which makes himself an Infant, as humble, poor, & obedient as an Infant, and you can have vanity, dissimulation, malice & repugnance in obeying !

2. Approach with confidence this most lovely Infant, & beg of the blessed Virgin & Saint Ioseph, to present you to him. Adore him with respect, because he is your God; Love him with tenderneſſ, because he is a victim of love, that offer'd himself for your ſake. Mix your tears with his, weep with compaſſion ouer his ſufferings, whiſt he weeps for ſorrow ouer your ſins: Fear nothing, he is an amiable Infant, & wholly yours, his heart is full of charity for you, his eyes are full of ſweetneſſ & tenderneſſ; he is all love: Approach him, & embrace him with all the ardour of your heart; looſe your ſelf, let your ſelf be ſwallowed up in this bottomleſſ ocean of loue: let your ſelf burn & conſume in this ſacred fire, & beg of this diuine Infant, to be born & live in you; That he may become the ſoul of your ſoul, that he may

wean & disengage your heart from the loue of of temporall goods, to imitate his poverty, & that he may make you live a life full of humility, of obedience, & simplicity, to enter thereby into the true spirit of his Infancy.

II.

I. **E** Ach day of the Octave, renew these sentiments in your prayer in the evening, take part in the joy which the Angells and shepherds, testified at the sight of a God become an Infant. Acknowledge a God, by the markes which heaven gives of him in the crib; To witt, in the swadling cloths, & in the extreame poverty in which he was born, & strongly convince your self that you ought to be poor either in effect, or in heart, to resemble Jesus & to save your self.

2. Give in the honour of Jesus the Infant, some suit, or swadling cloths to the child of some poor body, & visit during this office, the children brought up in the Hospitall, doing them some service with as much affe-

tion, as you would to the Infant Jesus.

3. Apply your self to keep your heart in an indifferency to all things, in a resignation to the divine providence, in peace & silence before this divine Infant, as Infants are wont to live in indifferency to all things, & without concerning themselves for any thing, reposing wholly upon the care of their parents.

4. Speak little to creatures during this tyme, to be the better able to employ your self the more in the thoughts & love of the Infant Jesus; forget your self, to be able to think of nothing but him. O love, ô love; how powerfull art thou to make of God an Infant! O my heart how ingratefull art thou, if thou lovest not this Infant God! This is the aspiration, which thou oughtest to renew severall times a day.

5. In fine, approach often, if your Directour think fit, to holy communion, during the Octave, to incorporate your self with the Infant Jesus, to act nothing but by his spirit,

to live no more but by his life, to love humiliations, poverty, the interior renunciation of all satisfaction of the heart, or the senses, that is, the better to conform your self to the inclinations of little Jesus.



The exercises of Christian  
life during lent.

## GENE R A L L A D V I C E S

### I.

*Lent is a time of Sanctitie.*

**T**He time of lent is a time of sanctity and devotion, these are the days of salvation as the scripture stiles them: so that we ought to apply our selves, more at this time then at any other of the year, with an exact fidelity, to our perfection, that is to say:

1. To perform our exercises of de-

votion with more fervour & fruit;  
& our exterior exercise with a greater interior.

To be more upon our guard, to resist all the sallies of our humour, all the unprofitable reflections or relapses of our minds upon creatures, & all the extravagancies of our senses.

3. To use violence to ones self, to overcome ones naturall repugnances, & to act no longer according to custome or inclination, but according to the interior spirit of grace.

4. To entertain ones self more frequently in the presence of God, either ones mind, by a frequent recourse to him, or ones heart, by a constant desire to please him.

5. To apply ones self with greater zeal to the practise of some vertue every month, and in the day to make some interior or exterior acts of it.

6. To make it ones study to keep ones self i. time of prayer, peaceable, humble, submissive, & respectfull before God, without disquieting or

troubling ones self for all the distractions, distastes, & sterilities that may happen in it, seeking nothing else but to please God, without minding to please ones self; Remembering the advice our Lord gives us, not to discourse too much in it, & with peace of mind, to be satisfied with the state of privation & insensibility, when God puts us therein.

To labour by means of our examination, to know all that is bad or ill in us, to correct it; that which is human, to purifie it, & that which is unprofitable, to elevate it.

8. Not to content ones self with an affective devotion, which consists onely in good thoughts, desires, & resolutions, which one may have to do well; but to perswade ones self that true devotion and solid vertue consist in doing what God will have us, in spite of all our naturall repugnances.

9. In ones spirituall reading, to relish well what one reads, & as in all ones other actions to expect



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therefrom, all the fruit of gods grace.

10 To make ones confessions with more sorrow for what is past, more confusion, for the present, more resolution for the future, & more circumspection ouer ones self, the day one has confessed.

11. To make ones communions with more faith, confidence, & loue, with a more ardent desire to unite ones self to Iesus-Christ, with a more profound respect, with a greater recollection & union to the sacrifice which Christ makes in our hearts, to his eternall Father, more fervency in our demands, more reservedness, the rest of the day.

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II.

*Lent is a tyme of penance.*

**P**enance is either interiour, which consists in an efficacious sorrow for our sins, or exteriour, which comprehends satisfactory works. For the first one, ought all the lent long.

to have ones heart continually contrite & humble before God, & so perform out of this stock of sorrow, & state of compunction, a continuall mortification during this holy time consecrated intirely to penance. So that every hour, it were good to make an act of contrition for ones sins, rather by a sigh of our heart, then by formall words: my God, forgive me; I'le sin no more, my God, I'le do nothing more to displease thee. For the second, one ought to observe, when at age, the fast of the Church. But (1.) we must perform it with such joy, as our saviour instructs us to do, as may be so much the greater, the more pain we have to do it, for then the merit is also greater. 2. We must perform it in union with the fast of Iesus Christ, for to honour it. 3. In the exact privation of all things that may flatter our senses, I mean, of the curiosity of our eyes, our ears, or the satisfactions or nice choice of words, for we ought to joyn the abstinence of our other senses, with our mouths.

2. We ought to augment our ordinary austerities according to the advice of our directour.

3. We ought to distribute greater almes then ordinary, yet not without our directours advice, because we ought to do penance at this time for our whole years sins.

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## III.

*Lent is a time of solitude.*

**T**Is at this time the better to honour the solitude of Jesus Christ, that we ought to form to our selves an interior & exterior solitude: The first consists in removing from our memories all ill, human, & unprofitable thoughts, & to let it be taken up with nothing but God present; or his holy will; to blot out of ones understanding, all esteem of vanities, honours, & reputation before men, & to admit thereinto no other esteem but that which may render us great before God; and by a simple

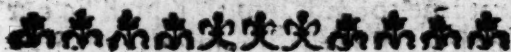
returne towards him, to repress in our hearts, all naturall motions, desires, or eyes & inclinations to any creature, and to entertain continually therein an ardent desire to please God & to overcome ones self. In fine, to cut off all the ill & unprofitable satisfactions of the senses. This watching ouer ones heart, & ouer ones senses, is called interiour solitude. To perform the exterior one, we ought to cut off all visits which are not made either out of charity, or necessity.

2. To visit every week the poor in the Hospitall, or in prisons, to satisfie for so many unprofitable or worldly visits made all the year.

3. To keep, if possible, an hour of silence every day, to honour that which our Saviour kept this holy time.

4. To avoid in conversation, that licentiousness in laughter, & discourses, that tend to excess.

5. To interdict ones self, aboue all things, the speaking ill of our neighbour,



PRACTISES OF PIETY  
during Lent.

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I.

*To honour the Passion, & the Sacred  
wounds of Iesus Christ with some  
particular devotion.*

**A**S Lent disposes us to celebrate with more devotion the mysteries of the Passion of Iesus Christ, so 'tis convenient the better to conform ones self to the intencion of the holy Church to imploy ones thoughts oft n on them during this time, & to honour after a particular manner, the wounds which our Lord received for loue of us; of which I here give you the practise.

1. Make every day an hour of meditation upon one of the mysteries of the Passion of our Saviour, with sentiments of compassion, for the sufferings of a God; of sorrow for your sins, the cause of them: of loue,

for the exceeding goodness which reduced our Saviour to so pittifull a condition: of confidence, in that adorable blood shed for our sakes: and of imitation, to animate ourselves to suffer any thing at the sight of God expiring for loue & pain for you.

2. Say every day the little office of the holy cross.

3. Let no day of Lent pass without a desire to suffer something either in body or mind, by the rigour of the season, by your own discontents, or the ill humours of others, & when you find any such occasion, instead of making any return, or complain of others, or of tenderness towards your self, do you offer up likewise all your pain to Jesus Christ crucified, unite your self to his interiour dispositions, sacrifice your self to the rigour of his divine justice for your sins, & for his loue, as he sacrificed himself thereto for yours. Stifle all the bitterness of your heart, & all the murmours of your mouth, with the thoughts of a God dying of loue & pain for you; Desire not to be pittied

by men, or to be eased in your pain, but drink as Jesus Christ did, the chalice quite pure, in all its bitterness: & if you find that day no occasion of suffering, either from your self, or others, mortify your self in some thing, & make your self suffer, that you may no day fail to be the image of Christ crucified.

4. At night at the end of your examen kiss the 5. wounds of Jesus Christ with all imaginable tenderness, & with all the sentiments of a heart pierced with sorrow for its sins, & with love of a God, whose life they have taken away. It is not necessary to say any thing in making this adoration of the cross, the heart alone ought to speak there by its sighs & tears: but if one finds not ones self touched, one may say an Ave Mary, kissing each wound, in memory of the dolours of the sacred Virgin, & demand of our Saviour, by his adorable head, a lively & animated faith; by his sacred feet, humility: by his right hand, patience,  
by



left hand, the loue of our enemyes : by the wound of his side, a consummation in his loue. In fine, apply the Crucifix to your senses, begging of Iesus Christ, that he would sanctify them, & consecrate them to himself. This practise of devotion may continue all the frydays of the year.

5. During the Day time, cast your eyes often upon Iesus crucified, but look upon him sometimes with loue, with respect or confidence, & with a lively resentment of your sins: these casts are of so great merit before God, & so capable of purifying a soul, that the holy fathers assure us, that they are more agreeable to God then many fasts, almes, & other austerities than one can perform.

6. In fine, endeavour to overcome your self in something, & to surmount your naturall repugnances, to bridle your impatience, & not to follow the motion of your humour, & that 5. different times in the day; to honour the 5. wounds of Iesus Christ, to whom this sacrifice of

mortification is more pleasing then all the austerities of the body that you can offer to him.

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## II.

*Hear with fruit the Sermons that are made during Lent.*

**O**Ne ought to carry a heart thither well disposed by that fidelity, that penance, & by that solitude of which we have spoken in our generall advices; but in particular one ought

1. To go to a sermon with a sincere desire of profiting by it, & for this end, in the beginning of it, we should demand this grace, both for our selves & others.

2. You ought to hearken in the meantime with great attention, both to the preacher which speaks to you exteriorly, & to the holy Ghost which speaks interiorly to your soul: & open your soul & your heart to the motions of grace, to the ends.

that the truths which are preached to you, may be imprinted and established in the bottom of your soul.

2. Receive the word of God with respect, from what mouth soever you hear it, remembering that the truths of the Gospel were delivered to the world, & converted it being preached in a plain simple stile, & far remote from human eloquence: & therefore that the less they are adorned, the more impression they will make.

4. Never apply to another what the preacher says, but perswade yourself, he speaks to you alone.

5. Elevate your heart to God during the Sermon, begging of him the grace to practise what you hear, & for this end, keep your mind & senses very much recollected.

6. When you go from the sermon, give not way presently to distraction of mind, least the good seed sown in your heart may be choaked by the hindrances of affairs, or rooted up by the first temptation, but after having instructed you in what his pleasure is you should do, beg him

not to permit these verities to prove your damnation for want of practise of them, & endeavour as occasion serves, to remember them.

7. In fine, offer that day some good work, some a'lmes, or some mortification, that you may do, to obtain for the preacher the grace of touching some obdurate sinner.

### III.

*To do good works with the spirit of Christianity.*

**I**T would be convenient you should take one day in the week, to visit the prisoners, or the poor in the Hospitall: but take care about all things, not do to these holy actions either out of custome, & without an interior spirit, or out of custome, & without an interior spirit, or out of a pure naturall compassion, & therefore before you beging these visits,

L. Pass by some Church, & there

demand the benediction of our Saviour, & beg of him that he would animate you with the spirit with which he used himself to visit & comfort afflicted persons; & at the same time offer to him the action you are going to perform, & go to the place you design to visit, with modesty & recollection.

2. As soon as you are arrived there, look upon the poor & sick, as the images of Iesus Christ; salute their good Angells, & beg of them, to inspire you with good thoughts, so long as you shall be speaking with them.

3. And since they are not onely often ignorant of what belongs to the duty of a Christian, but always in affliction, entertain them always with some word of instruction, particularly, concerning confession & communion, and likewise of consolation & compassion, letting them know that you take part in their sufferings, & giving them hopes they shall one day receive a recompence for them in heaven.

4. Accompany your almes with an actuall desire to please God, & to assist Iesus Christ in his members.

5. Shun all vanity & all reboundings of self-satisfaction that may spring from this action, which you are to keep at secret as you can.

6. Overcome generously all she repugnance that you may have in approaching the poor sick persons, & the better to overcome your self, affect rather to approach the party, for whom you find your self to have the greatest naturall horror, provided his disease be not catching.

Salute the blessed Sacrament, returning from your visit, & beg like a poor body, of Iesus Christ, a spirituall almes for your soul, by the the particular tenderneff he has for poor, & those that assist them,

8. In fin, remember that the Almes done in this manner, is an excellent means to please God, & to blot out your sins, & to purify your heart from all engagements, to obtain for your selves such particular favours as

God imparts to his friends, & to gain the heart of Iesus-Christ, to appease the wrath of your Iudge, to obtain the vertues you want, & to correct your imperfections.

Wherefore make a resolution never to deny any poor body, since he procures far more for you towards the salvation of your soul, then you give him for the relief of his body.

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*A practise for the Octave of the blessed Sacrament.*

**O**Ne must honour the state & condition of Iesus Christ in the blessed Sacrament. 1. In the morning, by offering him your actions, thereby to return him thanks for this great benefit. 2. by making every hour some aspiration to Iesus Christ who is in the blessed Sacrament on the Altar, with an ardent desire to unite himself to you 3. by reciting every day the Office of the blessed Sacrament, & performing our communications during this time with an ex-



traordinary preparation of faith, confidence, humility, & loue, in mortifying your tongue & heart in the fallys of your humour, because both the one & the other have the honour to receive Iesus Christ.

It is good every day to spend some time extraordinary before the blessed Sacrament.

So that the first day you may visit and honour him as a victim that sacrifices himself for you, & you may remain in his presence, in the spirit of a sacrifice, begging of him to make you a victim of his loue, & that he would destroy in you whatsoever is displeasing to him.

The second day you may honour his annihilations in the Eucharist, & look upon him as a God humbled so low as to put himself under the form of a little bread, for loue of you, & you may remain quite annihilated in his presence, begging him to destroy in you all your pride, & that he would make you love a hidden life.

The third day you may honour  
his

his loue, which makes him give himself wholly to you, that he may entirely transform you into himself, & you may consecrate to him all the inclinations & desires of your heart.

The fourth day, you may honour him as your father, that feeds you with his own proper substance, & remain before him, in the spirit of confidence in his goodness.

The fifth day, you may honour his life of consummation, which obliges him, his own self, to loose his sacramentall life & being, & to be destroyed, to consummate our perfection in our souls, & beg of him to destroy in you all that is not God.

The 6. 7. & 8. th days, you may honour the vertnes which he practises upon the Altar, & beg the imitation of them, as, of his exact obedience, his humility, his patience, his prayers, or continuall application to his father, his charity for the salvation of souls, his loue, his solitude, his mortification: & endeavour each day, to imitate some one of these vertues.



# RULES OF FIDELITY, to arrive to an eminent perfection,

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## I.

*Fidelity in the generall examen,  
consists,*

1. **I**N avoiding the least sin or imperfection, & all things that either displease, or at least, do not please God.

2. In performing the least spirituall and indifferent actions, with an interior spirit, not influenced by humour, custom, or vanity.

3. In suffering all that gives pain to mind or body, with resignation, fidelity, and love: this is the matter, or subject of the general examen,



**II.**

*Fidelity in the particular examen,  
consists,*

1. **I**N observing the very least rules  
prescribed by obedience.
2. In doing every thing in the mo-  
ment prescribed by obedience.
3. In overcoming the repugnance  
of our humour, in all occasions, even  
in the least things.

**III.**

*Fidelity in the continual examen, or  
vigilance over ones self, Which nei-  
ther allows nor pardons in ones self,  
any naturall satisfaction Whatever,  
consists,*

1. **I**N watching over our senses, to  
cut off thence, all ill, unprofita-  
ble, human, or even but meerly na-  
turall satisfactions.

2. In watching over our minds, to annihilate all considerations or reflections, that are human, whether they proceed from vanity, curiosity, or impertinence.

3. In watching over our hearts, to stifle all human motions, that is to say, all over ardent, or over eager desires of any thing whatsoever, all immoderate joy, or tenderness; all fondness, all relish or satisfaction which one may take in any thing one does; all sensible pleasure that may cause a heart to live to its self. 'Tis in the fidelity of these three sorts of examens, that consists a perfect self-deniall, true devotion, solid vertue, & all sanctity.



FROM THE ASCENSION  
to whitsonide.

I.

**O**Ne must enter into an exterior  
retreat, with the holy Virgin, &

of a Christian life. 101

the Apostles, casting off all unnecessary business; visits or unprofitable discourses, & keeping the spirit of sweetness, & charity with our neighbour, but above all, we ought to be careful to join thereto, an interior retreat, keeping our minds sequestered from all vain & curious thoughts; or all unprofitable reflections upon our selves or others, imploying ones mind & heart in frequent aspirations & sighs addressed to God, to demand his holy spirit, which to obtain, we must unite them with the interior dispositions & prayers of the holy Virgin & the Apostles.

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## II.

SAY every day, the *Veni creator*,  
At the end of the book, & make  
seven elevations of mind, to demand  
the seven gifts of the holy Ghost;  
the disengagement from creatures,  
the victory over our humours, which  
is the life of our own spirit opposed  
to that of the holy Ghost. Make

I ii)

one elevation of mind to the eternall father, another to the son, a third to the holy Ghost, a 4.<sup>th</sup> to the holy Virgin, a 5.<sup>th</sup> to the Apostles, a 6.<sup>th</sup> to your good Angell, & the last to S. Phillip Nery who received with such fullness the, oly Ghost upon the day of Pentecost.

These elevations of mind ought to be made with ardent desires of obtaining this singular grace. Above all, beg a total change of your heart, & beseech the holy Ghost, that he would cause you to live a life wholly supernaturall, & to die to all the longing & hankering appetites of the human & sensuall life.

## VENI CREATOR

### OR

*The Hymne of the holy Ghost.*

**C**ome Creatour, Sp'rit divine;  
 Visit now the souls of thine;  
 Fill with grace distill'd from heav'n,



Hearts, to whom thou life hast giv'n;  
Whom the comforter we call,  
Gift of God transcending all,  
Living spring, fire, fervent love,  
Ghostly unction from above:

Sev'nfold grace thou dost impart,  
And Gods right hand finger art:  
Thou, the fathers promise, which  
Tongues with language doth enrich;

Kindle light in every sense,  
Love into our hearts dispence:  
Strengthen what in flesh is fraile,  
With a vertue cannot faile:

Drive away our morrall foe,  
Peace upon us soon bestow:  
As a guide before us shine,  
That all vice we may decline,

By thee may it so be done,  
That we father know & Son,  
And in thee believe, who dost  
Flow from both, the holy Ghost.

Glorious may the father reign,  
And the Son who rose again,  
So the holy Paraclite,  
During Ages infinite.

## III.

**A**dd a quarter of an hour to your ordinary time of prayer & as much to your time of silence, to think in the presence of God, of the great affects which his spirit works in a well disposed heart, in order to the making an absolute change in it, as he did in the hearts of his Apostles, & the better to entertain your self with a meditation upon some one of the gifts of the holy Ghost, as you will find them explicated in some of your book on that subject; Make also a particular visit to the blessed Sacrament every day, to demand of Jesus-Christ, the fullness of his spirit.

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## IV.

**A**void tepidity, negligence, or humour in your actions, as faults particularly opposite to the fervour of that divine love which the holy

Ghost inkindles in a soul; & watch over your self, to be able to discern the motions of his grace, be faithfull in following them, & do nothing against the light which God gives you to avoid any thing: because that would be to afflict the holy Ghost.

The practise of your aspirations during this holy time, may be done after this or some such like manner.

Father of mercy, send me your comforting spirit, that may give peace to my soul my Jesus, give me the spirit of understanding & wisdom, that may make me know you with a lively faith, & that I may feel your presence within my heart, & that I may relish nothing but you alone: O holy Ghost, heart of the blessed Trinity, substantiall love of the Father & the son, come & enlighten my mind with the truths of faith, animate my heart with the flames of pure love: come & strengthen me in my weakness, raise me up after my fallings, & purify me from all hankering after, or fondness of creatures: O love of my God, be you the soul of my soul, be

you my life, grant that I may die  
wholly to my self, & live wholly  
to you.

*The seven gifts of the H. Ghost.*

**T**He gift of Wisdome.  
The gift of Understanding.  
The gift of Knowledge.  
The gift of Counsell.  
The gift of Fortitude.  
The gift of Piety or Godliness.  
The gift of the Fear of God.



FOR THE OCTAVE

OF WHITSONTIDE.

*Apply your self every day, to know, demand, & practise one of the seven gifts of the holy Ghost, to the end that he may purify, and Sanctify with these seven divine habits, all the affections of your soul.*

THE. I. DAY.

*The gift of Wisdom.*

**L** Et the subject of your prayer, be the qualities of this gift, which are (1.) to make us relish God, & all that unites us to him; (2.) to give us an extreme disgust of all pleasures of the senses, & all naturall satisfaction; (3.) to make us esteem, love, & search with passion, sufferings, disgrace, & abjection, of which we have such a horror; (4.) to make an in-

the separation of a heart, from all fondness of creatures, as also from all that is sensuall in devotion, & from all that is not God.

Come o holy Ghost, come & enlighten my mind with this gift of wisdom, come & destroy in me the love of the world : grant that I may take no relish in any thing but in God, that God may be all to me, & creatures may be nothing : grant that I may love contempt which my Saviour so esteemed, & that the cross may be the onely object of my love.

2. Beg often during the first day, that is the day of Pentecost, the gift of wisdom, which consists in loving spirituall things, make an extraordinary visit to the blessed Sacrament, to beg this day as well as throughout the whole Octave, the Office of the holy Ghost, & in the morning after your prayers, say, *veni Creator*, as in the end of this book, & give every day of the Octave, some little almes to the poor, to obtain the gifts of the holy Ghost, whom the holy Church stiles the Father of the poor.

THE II. DAY.

*The Gifts of Vnderstanding.*

I. **C**ONSIDER in your prayer the effects of this gift, which are ( 1. ) to make us love what we believe, & to render our faith so lively & strong, that it may make such an impression upon our minds, as if we saw the objects of what we believe, so that a soul enlightened with this gift, is lost in the respect & love it finds, in gods presence, in prayer, & before the blessed Sacrament, as if it saw God with its eyes; & this gift works the same effect in the soul, as the light of glory does in the souls of the Blessed; It sees God in the bosome of it, & feels his presence after so intimate & certain a manner, that it is rather a possession, then a knowledge of God. ( 2. ) This gift makes us see God in all things, & makes all things carry us to God; So that a soul which is enlightened with it, considers nothing that is good, rich



or perfect in creatures, but onely in God, as in the source of all bounty & goodness: It is full of the Idea of the greatness of God, It penetrates christian verities with a supernaturall view: It discovers in abjection, & in the cross, beauties unknown to sensuall soules, & despises all earthly goods.

2. O my God dissipate the darknes of my mind, by the light of your holy Spirit; grant I may judge no more of things according to their appearances, & according to sense, but according to truth, & according to the supernaturall view of grace, that all things that I understand, may carry me to you; that all creatures may disappear in the presence of their Creatour, to the end that God alone may take up my mind, which is made, to know him, & my heart which was created, to love him.

3. Observe that which is marked the first day after meditation, to wit, the frequent aspirations during the whole day, taken out of the affections marked in your meditation; The visit of the blessed Sacrament, The office of the holy Ghost, The *veni Creator*,

to obtain this Gift, & do the same  
the other days of the Octave.

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THE III. DAY.

*The Gift of Knowledge.*

1. **C**onsider that the gift of know-  
ledge when it enlightens a soul,  
it makes it judge of things, as God  
himself does, that is to say, it makes  
it esteem nothing great but the service  
of God, to fear nothing but his dis-  
pleasure, to love nothing but what  
makes us more agreeable in his eyes.

2. This gift enlightens us in the  
knowledge of the Crucifix, that is  
to say, it makes us behold with res-  
pect, all the crosses that God sends  
us, proceeding from the cross deify'd  
in Jesus-Christ, & therefore makes  
us far from complaining of them; it  
receives them with gratefull acknow-  
ledgement, & thanks our Saviour for  
them, as for a singular favour, it  
thinks it self more happy in suffering  
a contempt, an affliction, an injury,

a persecution, an affront, a refusall, a drieness, a sensible dereliction of God in prayer, more then in possessing the whole earth; wherefore the soul thus enlightened with the gift of knowledge, when any pain happens to it, goes immediately & casts it self on its knees before a Crucifix, to receive its cross as from the hand of God, with respect, submission, & love.

2. O my Jesus! O that the beams of your cross were more known to the world! O how do they contemne the holy reliques of your cross, which you offer to us shut up in the pains of this life! O cross of my Saviour! O how often have I adored you in my Crucifix which is your image, & despised in my pains, which are your true effects, &, as it were, your so many other selves!



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THE IV. DAY.

*The Gift of Counsell.*

1. **C**onsider that this gift carries  
Cus 1. to consult God in all things  
that we undertake; (2.) to do nothing  
but by the motions of grace, or ac-  
cording to the maxims of the Gospell.  
(3.) never to neglect inspirations &  
interiour admonitions of the holy  
Ghost, but readily & faithfully to  
follow them. (4.) to give good coun-  
sell to such as ask our advice; (5.)  
never to follow that which vanity,  
humour or self love counsells us to do  
but to do that onely which the spi-  
rit of grace & the love of our abje-  
ction inspires us.

2. O my God! how much reason  
have I to fear that I have been the  
cause of the sin & damnation of many  
persons by my ill counsells? Perhaps  
at this present, there are some in hell  
which wou'd have been in heaven,  
if I had counseled them in their des-

spaire, assisted them in their poverty; or withdrawn them by my good counsells from the occasion of sin. O how many have I ruined by my bad example! What reproaches will these damned make me at the day of Iudgement! O holy Ghost, how sorry am I, that I have so often neglected thy counsells to follow the sentiments of self love! O that I could be so faithful for the future, as never to do any thing contrary to your inspirations, but in all things, to follow your counsel.

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## THE V. DAY.

### *The Gift of Fortitude.*

1. **C**ONSIDER the effects of this gift, which are (1.) to render our selves so perfect masters of our humours, of our choler, & of our passions, that we may crush, & stifle their revolts in their birth; (2.) to give us invincible courage in our pains, never to permit our selves to be op-

pressed by them, but to remain faithful in them; ( 3. ) to give us stedfastness in our good resolutions, & courage, constantly to follow that which we have undertaken for the glory of God, & the salvation of souls, in spite of all contradictions, contempt, or oppositions of creatures; ( 4. ) to establish all our happiness in sufferings, or the persecutions that we undergo for the good we would do.

2. O Jesus humbled & despised! O that your affronts would render my contempts pleasing to me! And that your annihilations would give me courage to suffer my self to be reduced to nothing for your sake, in the esteem of all men! Holy spirit, grant that my mind may find its strength in the weakness of my body, that I may never fall under the burthen of the cross. O how I am confounded to see that there needs onely a rude word, a contradiction, nay a nothing, to make me fall into impatience! It seems to me when I goe from my prayer, that I want no force to do & suffer all things, but how weak am I, when the

occasion presents it self! Give me grace to suffer all things from others, & to make me suffer my self.

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## THE VI. DAY.

### *The Gift of Piety.*

1. **C**ONSIDER that this gift inspires a soul with true devotion, which consists (1.) in performing with fervour & promptitude, all that God desires of us (2.) in loving prayer, the exercises of piety, the frequenting of the Sacraments, solitude, reading, & recollection of mind, in the presence of God. This gift imprints in the heart so lively and animated a tenderness for the love of God, that one is ready to do & suffer all things to please him.

2. Ought I ô my God, so often to bear the cross, & yet neuer to bear it well? O that a soul were as knowing in the science of Saints, to esteem, love, & cherish crosses as worldlings shun & reject them.



O Cross, ô holy Cross! how can you be all my consolation & comfort in my life? how can I look upon you at the day of judgement with confidence, if I receive you not with respect in this world, suffering my pains with submission, silence, & love?

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THE VII. DAY.

*The Gift of the Fear of God.*

1. CONSIDER that this gift imprints in our hearts a filial & respectful fear of God, which makes us apprehend the least sin, because 'tis displeasing to God, & not because of the punishment it deserves; & that pierceth a soul in all places, with an holy respect & an humble dread before the divine majesty of God which is intirely present to it.

2. O how well do I conceive, O my God, how this constant & habituall fear of a soul, does purify, untie, & render it perfect? in a small time. O holy Ghost, bestow upon me this

wholsome fear, which may make me apprehend the lightest infidelity, & which may assure me of a happy eternity.

3. This gift unites us intimately to God in prayer, it recollects all the senses, it stops all the powers of the heart, in the sight & perfection of this sole object, of which the soul experiences an intimate presence, rather than a knowledge of it.

4. O holy Spirit! source of love & bounty, the adorable origine of the sanctification of our hearts, inflame them with the fire of thy divine charity, let us see & taste, how sweet our Lord is; give us the spirit of recollection, & of prayer, which may carry us to do all things, as in gods sight, & yet recall us into our selves, there to adore & love a God, who abides in our hearts, as in his temple, and sanctifies them, by the communication of his spirit.



A PRACTISE  
OF  
MENTAL PRAYER

very easy for all sorts of persons.

*The whole method of prayer consists  
in four things.*

**F**irst, in the consideration or view  
of the truth we meditate.

Secondly, in the application which  
the mind makes of this truth, to its  
self, to be moved with it, & to put  
it in practise:

Thirdly, in the affections which the  
heart produces at the sight of this  
truth:

Fourthly, in the good resolutions  
which it makes in putting it in pra-  
ctise, & the fervent petition it makes  
to God, to obtain it by the intercession  
of the blessed Virgin.

## HOW THE MEMORY IS to be imployed before prayer.

*First, an Act of Faith upon the presence  
of God.*

**M**Y God, I believe al' your seing.  
eye beholds me ; you , before  
whom the very Angells tremble with  
an humble dread, & in whose presence  
I am as a pure nothing : I behold you  
with a profound respect, as my God,  
with a confidence, as my father , &  
with fear, as my judge..

*Second Act of Adoration.*

I adore you o my God , as my crea-  
tour , & as my soverain Judge , &  
to whom I must one day render an  
account of this very action I am  
about to perform..

*Third Act of Petition.*

I beseech you to grant me your  
grace,,

grace to execute this day what you are about to inspire me with in this prayer, pardon the sins & imperfections I may commit in it, & the distraction that may take up, or hinder my mind in the due performance of it.

## HOW THE MIND IS TO employ it self during prayer.

**F**irst, consider the truth propos'd, which is done by a certain view or act of faith; repeat strongly, & sweetly in your mind, the truth of that matter or subject which most of all moves you, then after; rather by a simple view thereof, then by any long ratiocinations thereon; make an act of faith, with all the fervency you are able.

Yes, O my God I firmly believe what you have now taught me in this truth, but, animate my faith, and convert it into practice, that it may not one day serve to my greater damnation.

*Secondly, reflect on your self, pausing  
some time on each point.*

Well, o my soul, what hinders thee from practising this vertue? 'tis thy duty to practise it, tis in thy power to performe it, God ordains it, thy Jesus urges its performance, thy salvation depends upon it; thou oughtest from this very day forward, to practice it, why wilt thou not? what hinders thee? o I see very well what it is, tis such & such a hankering, such a vanity, such a curiosity, such a passionate word, such & such occasions: what a ought a creature to rob thee of thy Creatour? wilt thou always live unfaithfull? what wilt thou never as long as thou livest, be intirely gods, & how then canst thou hope to be intirely his in Eternity? my God, I am yours, no, my dear Jesus, no toy or trifle shall any more hinder me from being intirely yours, I will not any more rob you of a heart which is so justly yours, & which besides, has cost you so dear.

### THIRDLY, WHAT AFFECTIONS the heart is to be imployed in.

**Y**Es, o my God, yes, I am resolved to love you a thousand times better then my self; I am resolved to be all yours, as you are wholly mine: I have horroure of whatsoever is displeasing to you, I desire nothing more then to express my love to you, & to that end, I desire to imitate you this day, in what I have learnt in this meditation: I conjure you, my Jesus, to put me in mind of these lessons, when any occasion of practice offers it self.

#### *Resolutions for the time to come.*

I am resolved, my God against, & from this very present, I break off intirely with this defect, which I perceive is the source of many others in me: I will have you alone to be the absolute master of my heart, it is yours, o my God, it is wholly yours.



## DIVERSE AFFECTIONS

which may be made in time of  
prayer.

## 1. Of Confidence.

**M**Y God, since I find my self so weak & inconstant in my resolutions, grant, I may execute them as effectually as you have assisted me to make them; I expect all from your goodness, my Iesus, & confide as much in the assistance of your grace, as I disside in my own weakness.

## 2. Love.

O my Iesus, O my amiable father, O infinite goodness, which has loved me from all eternity, & which daily bestows infinite graces & favours upon me, & which has destin'd me for Paradise: ah, how can I live without loving you! shall I never leave offending you, who never leave of doing me good! How can I behold you my

S Jesus, how can I see you dying with love & sorrow for me, & not live intirely to you, I have a heart for no other and then to love you a mind onely to know you, & yet I love & think of nothing less then you: o, that I had, never thus displeased you!

3. *Resignations to the difficulties we meet with in prayer.*

I am confounded, o my God, to see my self so insensible of your love, & so little touched with the truths which I meditate; you see, o Lord, my miseries & evtreame poverty: I embrace it with my whole heart, I submit to your pleasure; I sacrifice my self to all the severities of your justice, I am contented never more to taste the sweetness of your presence, so that I may but have the whole fruit & effect of it: tis but just, that you should retire your self, & leave a heart so unfaithfull to you, & which hath withdrawn it self a hundred times from you: revenge your self, o my God, & satisfie your justice, I desire no other satisfaction but to see you

satisfied: & I am sure you are more pleased to see me contented with my weakness, & to suffer with peace in your presence, then if I were filled with consolation.

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## ADVICE OF IMPORTANCE, how to make ones prayer with fruit & facility.

### *1. For distractions of mind.*

**A**S soon as you find your self distracted, presently make a return to God. O my God, let me be all yours, all for you, & wholly in your presence: when you have done this, make no reflection at all upon your distractions, either to examine them, or to disquiet your self. You may sometimes remain before God, all quite overwhelmed with confusion, to see how little respect you bear to his presence.

*For desolations of heart.*

The more you feel of tediousness, of oppression, of disgust, the more you must force yourself to remain with courage, respect, & submission, before God, & for this reason, keep your self always upon your knees, your hands joyned, & your eyes humbly cast down, with a submission of mind & heart, to the pain you suffer, & so sacrifice your self generously, without reserve, to the rigour of the divine justice: give no way to this oppression, permit your self to be crucified by all those wandrings of your mind, & by all those disquiets & troubles of your heart. & believe that in this state, God requires nothing else, then that you suffer with patience, humility, & submission to his will.

*3. For prayer of affection.*

If you find difficulty in meditating upon your subject, imploy your self in affections, after you have

made an act of faith upon that truth which moves you most; but after having also formed an affection conformable to your subject, or to the inspiration God shall give you upon it; remain in silence for a little while, in gods presence, that it may take the deeper impression, & never passe forward to a second affection, before your heart has penetrated, & remained content in the first; because when one makes light, & hasty acts, they make very light, or no impression upon the will.

*3. For the prayer of Silence.*

First, if the onely presence of God, which you behold within you, does take you wholly up, & recollect you, which causes a great peace & calm over your heart, be not so unfaithfull, as to disturb, or trouble this strong & efficacious operation of God, by your own thoughts & affections, which would make you deviate from this respect which you owe to so great a God, who makes you feel his pre-

sence by a sweet & inward inspiration that recollects you: then content, & please your self with what he works in you, abandoning your self intirely into his hands, & put no obstacle to whatsoever he shall work in you. You are all, my God, & I am nothing; these two words will suffice, whilst you shall remain in this sacred silence, & when that is past, return to your matter.

Secondly, accustome your self according to the counsell of Jesus Christ, to discourse little in prayer, that is to say, that your mind be contented with a simple view of the truths you meditate, without tiring your self with long discourses, especially, if these views make more impression in your heart then discourses, and that you have long before, meditated these truths.

Thirdly, let not your will dilate it self too much in its affections; but let it reduce them insensibly to holy, & fervent aspirations, which your heart may form towards God. If God gives you any sensible grace or fa-

your, receive it with humility, without reflecting upon it, or giving your self up too much to it, & unite your self always to the Authour of those graces, & not to the graces themselves.

Fourthly, act when God acts not, but remain silent when he speaks, & be not like those souls who remain whole hours in pure idleness of mind, expecting that God would touch or move them, or of those who always speak to God: this idleness is not that which we call the prayer of silence, which keeps a soul elevated above the motions of anger & self-love, which sustains it, recollects it, & penetrates it with a holy respect in gods presence, & animates all the actions of the mind, with his grace.



Advice how to draw fruit out of prayer.

*The reasons why one profits not by prayer, are.*

**F**irst, because one does not sufficiently penetrate the truths one meditates upon.

Secondly, because one makes not acts, with such fervour & affection as one ought.

Thirdly, because one makes resolutions after a slack & generall manner.


Fourthly, because one stays not long enough upon every affection, & that one makes them after a slight manner.

Fifthly, because one gives too much way to the disgust & pain one finds in prayer, thinking it lost time, & that it is altogether unprofitable, that one imagines ones self to do nothing, when it is evident, that to suffer this affliction before God, with humility, is to make a good prayer.

Sixthly, because one soon forgets the good resolutions made in prayer, instead of often renewing them by thinking of them in the day, & chiefly at such time when one is in the occasions of performing them.

Now, to profit in prayer, one ought first, to be free, & have ones heart disengaged; secondly, to recollect ones self often in the day, as in gods presence; Thirdly, to mortifie ones senses & passions, upon all occasions: Fourthly, to retire ones self from company, & to love retirement: In fine, one ought to prepare ones self for it with care, in time of it, to conserve ones self with great reverence & respect, in gods presence, & not dissipate or distract ones self soon after it.





## THE CONVERSION OF A SOUL TO GOD.

**E** Levate thy self , o my soul , to thy Creatour , & desert no longer thy conversion , tho but for a moment : what is past , is gone , what is to come , is not in thy power , & thou art master onely of the present , which is but a moment , given thee for no other end , then to serve God , & to gain eternity. Conceive well these words , one God , one moment , one eternity attends thee : An eternity , which either gives all , or takes all from thee for ever ; a God , whom thou so little servest ; a moment , which thou makest so ill use of ; an eternity , which thou hazardest. O God ! o moment ! o eternity ! o God , my heart desires thee , my heart seeks thee , to give thee it self intirely , to subject it self to thee , & fill it self with thee ; I beseech thee , to take & re-

ceive it in to thy possession , & banish from it all sin , all ties to creatures , & all inordinate love to my self , that I may serve thee so faithfully , that I may merit to possess thee eternally.



## A CHRISTIAN CONDUCT,

*Whereby persons , Whose vocation engages them in the world , may therein work out their salvation.*

1. **S**AY your prayers night & morning , with fervency & devotion ; make a firm , & peremptory resolution in the morning , not to commit on purpose , or deliberately , any sin ; to do all you can , to please God , & to do nothing unprofitable for eternity. Examine your self every night , about your ordinary failings , the sallies of your humours , your detractions , & your laziness in gods service ; then

consider with sorrow, the abuses you have made of his graces, & the ill use of those crosses he has that day sent you; reflect upon the confusion & regret you will one day have, for your faults, when you shall appear before God; & consider, that perhaps, there is not more then an hour between you & eternity: As near as you can, say your prayers in publick every night, where take care, that all your family be present.

2. After your morning prayer make a quarter, or half an hour of mental prayer, according to your Directors advice; take care to make it with fervency, upon some certain subject which you may have read, in *Granade, Pointe, or Mico's Meditations*: or if You understand French, in the *Meditations of Abely, Busée, Hayneuse, Nouët, or Crasset* which are very moving & instructive: in so doing, you ought to make all your good resolutions to avoid the sin you are naturally most inclined to, & to practise the virtue you meditate of: But make these resolutions in par-

cular, not in generall, & take care to foresee the occasions of practising them. In the beginning, look upon what is most moving in the matter you meditate on; & then apply it to your self, & see whether you practise it: be confounded & sorry, that you do not do so, & resolve that day, to put it in execution; & as you ought always to diffide in your self, beg of our Saviour by the intercession of the blessed Virgin, that you may put your good endeavours in practise.

3. Having dressed your self, & taken care about your household affairs, go strait to mass, without deferring gods service to the last minute of the morning. Above all things, take care of speaking in the Church, but keep your self there with that respect is due to your God, & to your judge: say your vocall prayers, after you have offered to God, the holy sacrifice of the mass, in honour of his supreme majesty, in thanks for all the favours you have received of him, for pardon of your sins, & for the repose of such souls in Purgatory, as are your relations,

relations or friends: but now & then, interrupting a moment of your devotions, offer them to God by the hands of Jesus Christ himself immolated upon the Altar for your sake, & unite your intentions with his, whereby he offers himself as a victim for your salvation: from Sanctus to the Elevation, think of the mysteries of the passion of Jesus Christ, with sorrow for your sins which occasioned it, & with a purpose to suffer something that day, for a God who has suffered so much for you: At the Elevation, adore him, & offer him to his Eternall father, sacrifice your self to his justice, & at the *Pater noster*, continue your vocall prayers to the end of mass.

4. Being returned home, apply your self to your domestick affairs, from time to time, offering to God your actions, & if you have any leisure, in the morning, or after dinner, between one & two of the clock, read in some spirituall book, for a quarter of an hour, with attention & desire of profiting, in the Evening, whilst you receive



or give visits, take care not to take part with those that speak ill of their neighbours, nor to speak ill of them your self; & now and then reflect, that God hears all you say, and that one day, you must render him account. If any person happens to speak to you something coldly or rudely, curb the sallies of your resentment, & endeavour to take no notice of it; & without troubling your self about what the world will say of it, think onely of that which God, who hears all that passes, will say to you at the day of judgement. If you hear any loose or impious discourse, endeavour presently to shew, by putting on such an indifferent, cold, or serious countenance thereupon, that the discourse does not please you, remembering, that should you testify any satisfaction you take in it, you would thereby make your self guilty before God, of whatever is displeasing to him in such ill discourses.

5. Take care never to be idle when you are at home, but always have something to imploy your self in,

knowing that you are to give account to God, for all the time you live: when you reprehend your servants, remember to do it, ( 1. ) with reason, for some considerable fault; ( 2. ) in few words, & without repeating the same things over & over again, to please your humour; 3. when you find your self moved with passion, leave off saying any thing: ( 4. ) do not often find fault, nor chide upon all occasions, for little or nothing: ( 5. ) turn them not away at the years end, upon pretense of their ill humour, or other light faults, except you should find them unfaithfull, or of ill life, or keep ill company; for then, you are obliged to part with them; & perswade your self, 'tis enough to endanger your own soul, to turn away your servants every year, except for these 2. weighty reasons, or to lessen their wages for such faults or omissions, which they unadvisedly commit, making them pay the overplus of what they bought too dear, or for things laid aside or lost, by chance, & without their fault: once more believe, that 'tis an injury to

your own conscience, & will endanger your salvation, thus to defraud your servants of any part of their wages.

6. Have all the respect, submission, & complaisance for your husband, your father, or mother, which you owe them, never contradict them with obstinacy: never give them any rude, fighting, or disgustfull language: believe, that the great secret how to live with them in peace, & esteem, is to comply with them, when you find them in choler, or angry, & to seem to be of their minds, & to follow their wills & inclinations, & ever accommodate your self to their humour, when they desire nothing contrary to the will of God. Say every day, *O Josephs Litanies*, to obtain this peace so necessary for a well ordered family; offer to God, the trouble & discontentments, the cross humours of a husband, a father, or mother, may occasion; & offer the patience with which you suffer it, for their conversion. Make it your chief vertue and greatest care, to stay at home, to look after your servants, & to breed up

your children; because this is the chief thing God will examine you about, at the day of judgement. Permit not in your family, any blasphemous or debauched persons, for fear of drawing the curse of God upon it. Remember to give the example of patience, mildness, charity, & devotion, to your family, as you ought to do.

7. In the Evening, about four or five of the clock, go to Church, to beg at least, or to receive the benediction of the blessed Sacrament when it is given; or if you be in the Country, to your Chappell, & say your beads there with devotion, together with the Evensong of our blessed Lady; & read there also with attention, what you will find in the Christian thoughts allotted for that day, or a chapter in Thomas a Kempis; making from time to time, a serious reflection upon what you read; & beg grace to perform it.

8. Be not of the number of those who sit up almost all night, & sleep the next morning till eleven or twelve of the clock: but have a certain time allotted for rising, & going to bed,

as much as you are able, & remember, that a christian life ought to be regular.

9. Flatter not your self too much concerning your almes, since you are obliged to give such as may be proportionable to your fortune; take care that almes be given to the poor in the Country, by giving them corn; & do the same in town, either to prisoners, or bashfull poor; & know for certain, that a person who is rich, cannot save his soul by doing small almes, & that one is obliged in conscience, & under pain of great sin, to assist the poor in their pressing necessities, which are but too frequent; & that you may easily know, if you will but take the pains a little to inform your self; that to defer, or lessen the salaries of poor tradesmen, is visibly to damn ones self: & think not that your poor vassalls can give a hundred days work, exacted of them, did not the fear of their Lords force them to it, & therefore, doubt not, but tis your duty to pay them.

10. For your devotions, perform

them at least every 8. th day, or even twice a week, if your Confessour judge it fit: but remember to deprive your self the night before, of your ordinary divertisement of play, & apply your self to make your communions as well as you can, according to the following directions.

11. For confession, endeavour (1.) to examine well your conscience, & to particularise your sins, especially those which you commit out of custom, as choler & detraction; consider also the evill that you have not hindered to be committed in your house, & the good you have not performed, as you might have done; for example, to reconcile your neighbours, to give almes to the poor in great necessity, to neglect your spirituall exercises out of sloth, or to divert, or let fall a detraction: (2.) after this, the better to conceive a true sorrow & sincere contrition, propose to your self, all the motives that are capable to excite in you an actuall & interiour disengagement from sin; without which, your confessions ave not worth any

thing : wherefore , regard , & regret your sins , as the effects of the greatest ingratitude against the infinite goodness and bounty of God towards you , for all the graces & favours he has bestowed upon you , & all the benefits you have received from his hands ; & deplore them as the greatest affronts committed against his supreme majesty , as a contempt of his greatness , & as a trampling under foot his most precious blood ; & casting your eyes upon a crucifix , imploy your mind at the same time , upon the following thoughts

Behold what my sins have made my Jesus suffer ! See to what extremity his love for me , has brought him ! ought I to have displeased so amiable a Deity ? ought I to continue to shed his most precious blood ? ought I to not leave off affronting him , who never leaves off doing me all the good he can ? O my God ! what a regret & sorrow have I for having offended you ! & that I might rather undergo a thousand deaths , then ever more displease you ! ( 2 . ) sincerely confess your sins ,  
saying ;



saying those you remember, & in short, mixing no unprofitable discourse with them, & taking notice in a few words of the necessary circumstances, avoiding all long & unprofitable stories, by which, one makes known rather anothers sins, then ones own; in which, they do ill whilst they think to do well; & believe it as a certain truth, that the shorter, more exact, & clear your confession is, the better, & more perfect it is; & to make it so, forget not, as much as you are able, to express the number of your sins, & whether you have committed them with foresight or reflection; to take notice also, whether you staid long in them, or onely a short time, or in fine, whether you gave full consent to them, or were negligent in rejecting, or withdrawing your self from them; & never fail to take notice whether your sins are concerning any light matter, or of moment: In the third place, when you receive absolution, recollect your mind as in gods presence, renew your sorrow for your

sins, & perswade your self, that tis the blood of Jesus Christ that purifies your soul, & sanctifies it & gives it a new force not to committ any more sins: In the fourth place, after confession, retire your self alone, put your self in spirit, at the feet of Christ crucified, & consider him all covered with wounds & blood, & expiring with love & grief, for your sake: (1.) Give him thanks with all your heart, that after having so often pardoned your sins, he has had but now, once more the bounty for you, to pardon them again; & blush with shame, & confusion in his presence, that you have so often fallen into the same: (2. Offer to the eternall father, the blood & sufferings of his son Jesus Christ, for penance & satisfaction for your sins, & for the pain due to them: & then unite with his, the penance you are about to perform: (3.) Perform it with attention, sorrow, & confusion, as a criminal that acknowledges & regrets his crimes; make an ardent & lively resolution, to avoid all sin, particularly, that

which you are most subject to ; & remember, ( if you communicate not the same day that you confess, ) not to let loose your mind after confession , but to keep an exact watch over your self, not to fall into your ordinary imperfections.

12. For holy Communion , take a particular care to dispose your self very well for it . & to improve much by it ; because there is nothing more dangerous then to approach it with indifference, & out of formality , & not to grow better by it ; Therefore, from the very minute after your prayer, morning & night , think, that you are to receive your God that same day, & conceive an ardent desire to receive him worthily. To prepare your self well for Communion, ( 1. ) Endeavour to excite in your self, a lively faith of the presence of Jesus Christ in the blessed Sacrament, & consider very well these three things ; I go to receive my God, my Saviour. & my judge ; therefore, with what respect, ought I to approach my God ywith what love ought I to approach my

Saviour! with what confusion ought I to present my self before my judge! O my God, my Sovereign Lord, who are you? & who am I, that I should dare to appear in your presence? But, o my Jesus, my amiable Saviour, ô how much fervency have I to unite my self so to you, as to make you absolute master of my heart! O Souveraign judge of all mankind, how is it possible that I should dare to receive you within my self, who have so often provoked your anger? O my God receive your self in me, because I am unworthy to approach you: o my Saviour, offer your self within me to your father, & at the same time, sacrifice to your father, & to your divine justice, all that is criminall or human within me: O my judge, condemn me not for my tepidity: O my God, one word alone from you, suffices to make me a Saint, to heal all the maladies of my soul, who am unworthy to receive you within my self: O my Saviour, how sorry am I, that I have ever offended you,

and caused you to suffer so much for my sake! O my judge, how does your presence pierce my heart with horror & confusion, when I think that I go to receive him who one day will judge me concerning the action I am about to perform, & who bears in his hands my eternal happiness, or misery! (2.) Endeavour to conceive a firm confidence, a fervent love, & an ardent desire to receive Jesus Christ, because you ought to be convinced, that 'tis the same Saviour, who is so charitable & so good, as to heal all those that approach him with faith, & have recourse to him with confidence: (3. Excite in your self, an ardent desire to receive your sovereign good, your redeemer, & deliverer, who are a slave to your passions; your Physician, who are sick; your Saviour, who are in danger of perishing: (4.) About all, remember, after you have received your God, to recollect your self for some time, either casting your self at his feet, with S. Magdalen, to hear his instructions, or adoring him with the Leper

in the Gospell, & saying with him, Lord, if you please, you can cure me; or in fine, consecrating your self intirely to him & begging of him to take possession of your heart, & of your body, to unite & transform you into himself, & to become for the future, the soul of all your actions, & the rule & model of your life, that it may be he that lives in you, & by you, that all you do, may be animated with his spirit. If you find your self much transported by the sweetness & deliciousness that the presence of Jesus Christ, may diffuse in you, remain with silence at his feet, begging him to receive himself, and to thank himself in you; & be contented to remain with a profound respect in his presence. (5.) Make your petitions to him, with fervency, & with a firm confidence of being heard in them: beg of him the grace, never to loose his favour by a mortall sin, & to die in an act of his love: Beseech him earnestly, to inspire you with a contempt of the world, with a disengagement from all earthly ob-

*of a Christian life.*

jects; patience in the government of your family; charity in conversation, so as never to be backbiting your neighbours; liberality towards the poor: fidelity to his graces: & with the spirit of devotion in your prayers: (6.) & lastly, after having returned thanks most affectionately, to the goodness of Jesus Christ, in vouchsafing to come into your heart, offer to him in gratitude, the victory you may have gotten over the sallies of your humour, or any other imperfection that displeases him in you, & which is most customary: & take care till the next communion, to be faithfull in this point, to correct this imperfection, & five times a day, quell this passion, in honour of the five wounds of our Saviour: (7.) Put your self from time to time, during the day, in mind of what passed in communion, remember the favour you have received of your Jesus, to give him thanks for it: And keep a guard over your heart & tongue, that you may not prophane either by any word, or inordinate desires of



your own, a soul that is sanctified by the presence of a God.

13. In fine, remember to make reflections from time to time, in the day time, upon the great truths of Christianity, to convince your mind of them, & engrave them deep in your heart. Think often, (1.) that you have but one soul to loose, or save: & but once to die, well, or ill: (2.) that one cannot go to heaven without merit, & that one cannot merit, but by using violence over ones passions: (3.) that God whom we serve so carelessly, is the disposer of our misery, or happiness: & that he has heaven & hell at his disposal: Alas! if we search with so much earnestness, the favour of those upon whom depends a good success of our affairs, why do we neglect his freindship, upon whom depends a happy or miserable Eternity? (4.) What a blindness is it, to regret the loss of what we have here in this world, & not be concerned at the loss of a God, which by a mortall sin we sustain! (5.) It is impossible to love & serve God, & the world, at the

*of a Christian life.*

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same time, and to save ones self the broad and easy way: we must necessarily renounce, either the heavenly, or earthly paradise, ( 6. ) what will it profit you to have gained all the riches of the world, if you loose your own soul?



ASAIN T FOR THE YEAR.

*S A I N T R O S E.*

*T H E V E R T V E.*

*The renouncing of the pleasures of  
sense, curiosity, vanity, and  
rallerie.*

*T H E P R A C T I C E.*

*First, to say nothing in passion.*

*Secondly, not to be so easy as to comply  
with any that shall backbite others.*

*Thirdly, to seek nothing out of pure  
curiosity, or self-satisfaction.*

## I.

*Before Communion.*

1. **I** go to receive a God who is my Judge : O grant my Jesus , that I may not receive thee to my damnation.

2. I am about to receive in my heart , a God who is my Saviour , o God , receive thou thy self there , with the love thou deservest.

3. O my judge , I tremble , I am ready to die with confusion & grief , whilst I approach your majesty . O my Saviour , I hope in your goodness , I abandon my self entirely to you ; I burn with desire to open my heart to you , I will die with love of you , & breath my last in you .

I unite my self to all the respect which Angels , to all the love which Seraphims bear you , to all the confidence of the sick that you have cured , o my Jesus , during your whole life ; & I hope with them , that you will

*of a Christian life.* 155  
give a speedy remedy to all the diseases  
of my soul.

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## II.

### *During Communion.*

1. **O** my Jesus ! o my love ! o  
God of glory ! o God of  
goodness ! o majesty of my God ! who  
are you , & who am I ?

2. Receive your self in me , thank  
your self in me ; Sacrifice your self  
upon my heart for me ; I unite my  
self to all that you are going to do  
in me.

3 In your passage thorough my heart,  
heal all its curiosities , & all the ill  
words of my tongue.

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## III.

### *After Communion.*

1. **O** liberality of my Jesus , how  
am I obliged to you , for

having given me a God for the nourishment of my soul ! O that all creatures, & all the Angels would joyn with me, in giving you due thanks for me !

2. I adore you my Jesus, as my Creatour who gave me my life ; as my Saviour, who has deliver'd me from death ; as a God of glory, who has designed me for Paradise.

3. Pause here, & in silence, look upon Jesus Christ as your Saviour, with confidence as your Judge & with fear, as your most loving and lovely God, with love.

4. Beg of him to apply himself to your senses, to your mind, to your heart, to cure your infirmities, to purifie them, & fill them with his love.





A GENERAL PRACTICE  
FOR THE  
VERTUE OF THE MONTH.

*Together with the manner whereby  
you ought to honour a Saint  
every month.*

1. **O**ne ought to form a high Idea of this vertue, & conceive a fervent desire to practise it; & for this reason, it were good to make a meditation of it, in the beginning, in the middle, & in the end of the month.

2. One ought to receive it from ones Directour, as from God himself, who inspires him therewith, & who will exact an account of it at the day of Judgment: it is good to beg it often of God, by the intercession of the holy Patron recommended to your choice. & particularly, in the morning, at noon & at night, saying

for this end, a *Pater & Ave*.

3. The practice of the vertue of the month, ought to be in this manner : (1.) you must offer the first communion of the month, to obtain it. (2.) in the morning when you rise, make a firm resolution to practise it that day ; forecasting to your self, the occasions you may have to exercise it.

4. Before dinner, recollect your self the space of a *Pater & Ave*, to consider how you have practised it, & to see whether that morning you have exercised any acts of it, or fallen into the contrary vice ; & if you find you have, ask pardon of God, & purpose to be more faithfull the following part of the day.

5. In your examen at night, make the same review, & compare with diligence, the faults you have committed after dinner, with those committed in the morning, noting the number upon a paper, or with knots upon a piece of thred, to see if your fidelity was greater after dinner, then in the morning.

6. Take care every day, especially



in the morning to make there acts of the month, & the same after dinner, & for exterior acts, take care to keep a watch over your self that you fall not upon occasion into the vice contrary to it.

7. If you happen to fail, impose upon your self immediately, some mortification, (if occasion permits) that may be contrary to the fault you committed: for example, if you have for your vertue, to say nothing out of humour or inclination, or the mortification of your tongue; after you have failed, hinder your self from speaking when you have never so much mind to it, if it be nothing but unprofitable discourse; or keep a greater silence then ordinary, by retiring your self; & the like you may do, in respect of other vertues.

8. Give an exact account to your Directour, of your care or negligence in the practice of the vertue of the month, & be afraid that God should withdraw his particular grace, of which you have great need, if you neglect this particular care, because God will

treat you as you do him.

9. Perswade your self, that all your spirituall advancement depends upon your practice of this vertue, which if you neglect, you will never profit in it. Remember also to offer some of your alms & mortifications to our Lord, to obtain this vertue, & present them to him by the hands of your Directour.

10. Honour your monthly Patron, invoking him three times a day, saying for this end, a *Pater & Ave*:  
(2.) Have recourse to him in your occurring difficulties: (3.) Give thanks to our Lord, for the graces bestowed upon him. (4.) Communicate upon his feast: (5.) Make a Letanie of all the Saints you have every month, & say them every day.





## AN EXERCISE

VERY PROFITABLE TO

prepare ones self to die well.

*A prayer to Iesus Christ.*

**S**aviour of the world, word incarnate, life of the dying, & death of the living; life of the dying, by the glory you bestow upon them, purchased by your precious blood; death of the living, by the grace which you give them to dye to the flesh, to live to the spirit; animate this exercise with your holy love, to the end that by the practice of it, we may find our selves so prepared for death, that after this life, we may live with you eternally in heaven, there to bless, praise & love you, with the Father & holy Ghost. Amen.

*Ever praised be the most holy Sacrament  
of the Altar.*



## ADVICE FOR THE PRACTICE of this Exercise.

**S**ince tis a truth of which we have daily but too great an experience, ( & which yet for all that , we too easily forget ) that we must dye , that a suddain death may perhaps surprise us unawares ; as we see happens often to those that think least of it ; or that the extreme pains of our sickness , may deprive us of the liberty to make those acts that are necessary for this last hour , the hour of all hours most important ; the hour , after which , there remains no more hours ; the hour that decides our Eternall happinesse , or misery ; 'tis necessary every month , to prepare our selves by the exercises of a death in imagination , to those which we must really practise , when we come actually to dye. Watch & prepare your selves , because the son of man will come at the hour you think least of.

Says our Saviour, in the 13. of S. Mark's Gospell; & in the 12. of Ecclesiastes, we are warned, that where the tree falls there it lyes.

As near as you can, either the day before, or upon the day you exercise this devotion, make your Sacramentall confession, which will not hinder you from making your spirituall confession to Jesus Christ, either before, or after the sacramentall one, according to each ones devotion.

After confession, make a sacramental communion, by way of Viaticum, as if it were your last; & in case you actually communicate, endeavour to have by you, some medall, (to which the Pope has applyed a plenary Indulgence) to gain one.

Upon the day of your devotion, if possible, hear mass, to unite your self more particularly in this holy sacrifice (which is a real representation of that upon the cross) to Jesus Christ dying, offering him to the eternall father, together with all the sacrifices which shall be offer'd to the end of the world, to obtain the grace of a happy death.

It will be very profitable to make choice of the last day of every month, for this exercise ; & if one be not minded to make it altogether , one may begin the first point in the morning , & the second , at some other hour that day ; or otherwise , perform it in two days ; & then , one should repeat over again , the acts of contrition , of faith , of hope , & of charity , contained in the first point , observing to make your meditation that day , upon the subject of death , & exercise ones self more particularly , in good works , in the practice of mortification , & other vertues.

You must also take notice , that tho there be many acts noted in this exercise , 'tis onely to facilitate the practice of them to those who for want of being habituated in them , would otherwise find great difficulty to perform them ; for the best , are those that love produces in our heart ,  
We have added at the end of this discourse , the recommendation of the soul , in English , for those who having the devotion ( thereby in a holy man-

ner to anticipate their death) to joyn these to the foresaid devotions, do not understand them in Latin; & in this case, one ought to change the termes that concern another, to ones self; as, in stead of saying, pray for him or her, or receive this soul; say pray, for me, receive my soul, & so in other places; reserving the conclusion of this exercise till after your last prayer.

Now, the fruit which one ought to draw from hence, (as shall be noted in the following meditation), is the contempt of the world, a weaning ones self from creatures, the renouncing of ones self, & the amendment of ones faults; which are the true means to obtain the grace, to die a deat that hshall be the beginning of a most happy & blessed life.

If we make this exercise with care, during our lives, tis not to be conceived, how profitable we shall find it at our death, where we may repeat the same, or cause it to be read to us. You may make the meditation in the morning, after your prayer, & before you go out. The first part



part of the exercise for death, may be made in the Church, before Communion, or during mass; & the other part, in the evening, towards four or five a clock.



## A MEDITATION.

DISPOSITIONS FOR A  
happy death.

*Put your self in to the presence of  
God, & beg of him his divine  
inspiration.*

FOR the ground of this meditation, one must be well possess'd of this truth, That life is onely a gage given us by God, in trust; wherefore it follows, if we be not always prepared, and disposed to give it back, we refuse him the right of sovereignty, which he has upon our beings.

*It is appointed for all men once to die, & after that, to be judged :*  
Says the great Apostle to the Heb:  
Chap. 9.

**C**ONSIDERING this truth, That one dies but once, & that an ill death can never be repair'd throughout the whole, & vast extent of Eternity; we may easily perceive, how necessary it is, not to be surpris'd, but to be always upon our guard, as that servant, of whom the Gospell speaks; which waits for the coming of his master, in the 12. Chap: of *S. Luke*.

# I. POINT.

Since we must necessarily dye, it behooves us much to conceive well this truth, That death is certain, & the hour of death uncertain; & that all the prudence of a Christian, consists in preparing ones self well for it; that we may not faile in an affair, which in truth, is the affair of affairs, and the sole & onely one, we

have to do in this world, since we come into it, onely to save our souls, & in loosing them we lose all: For what shall it profit a man, to gain the whole world, if he loose his own soul? Says our Sovereign master Jesus Christ, in the 8. Chap: of S: Mark.

O my God, how great is the blindness of the most part of mankind, who not thinking on this great truth, live onely an earthly, sensuall, & brutish life, & never elevating their minds to heavenly things, fix their affections so fast to this mortall life, that they prefer it before the eternal. *He that loves his life, Says our saviour, shall loose it; & he that hates it in this world, shall gain for it, life everlasting in the next:* in the 12. Chap: of S. Iohn.

O my God, 'tis not therefore to love our lives, to have too great a fondness for them: since this fondness for a temporall life, proceeding from an irregular love of our selves, puts us in danger of loosing an everlasting one: & that you assure me, o my divine Jesus, that if any one comes to you, & does not hate this sensuall life,

&

& even his own soul, he cannot be your disciple. Give me, O Lord, a holy hatred of this mortall life, which may make me continually tend, & pretend to the eternall one, where I may love you for ever.

# II POINT.

The death of Saints is precious in Gods sight, says the *Psalmist*, in the 118. *Psalm*. If we will dye the death of Saints, we must live their lives: (1.) by keeping our affections always as much weaned from the things of this world, as if we were to dye every moment; because there is no moment, in which death may not surprise us, & in which, we ought not to be prepared to receive it; if we will not hazard our salvation: (2.) by overcoming the naturall fear which we have of death, by faith, & by the confidence which we ought to have that Jesus Christ, in whose hands are the keys of life & death, & who loves us infinitely more then we love ourselves, will send it us at such a time, & in such a manner as is the order

of his divine providence, he foresees best for us. Has he not created us for life everlasting? do not we believe that life better then this mortall life we lead? if we are not of this believe, we want faith; & by consequence, have no hope; because we cannot obtain that happinesse he has promised in the other life, but by death. But what charity also can an interessed soul have, which loves its own life more then the will of God? & has a greater fear to dye, then to see, & unite it self to him? Perfect charity, says the holy Scripture, in S. Johns Gospell, chap. 13. 24. excludes fear: And as we ought to shew our love which we have for God, by our hatred to sin, what hatred do we express to it, when, for all we know, we cannot live without committing every day some, yet we are so much affraid of death? O, if we had a true love, with what joy should we embrace death, that we might be in a state in which, we could no more offend his infinite goodness! Since the least sin (as the Doctors of the Church affirm) is far

more to be feared then death.

### III. P O I N T.

Should God give us the choice of of the time, the hour, & the manner of our death, could we make a better choice then he? who ordains it by his infinite wisdom, power, & goodness, & who, having created us for himself, & redeemed us with his blood, accordingly, desires nothing more, then to save, & to bring us to the enjoyment of that happy end? And since faith teacheth us this verity, why do not we entirely abandon the care of our lives & deathes to him? what can there be better for us in heaven; or earth; in life, or death; then to accomplish his most just, & most holy will? And because we ought necessarily to submit to its orders, is it not better to do it freely, by an humble submission to, & filial confidence in his divine goodness, then to do it by constraint, as the Devills do; & by that resistance, render this action, rather worthy of punishment, then recompence? If the fear of our

sins makes us apprehend death, &  
 desire onely to live, to do penance  
 for them, what better penance can  
 we perform, that is more agreeable  
 to God then perfectly to conform our  
 selves to his will, & undergo the sen-  
 tence of death, to render him the  
 obedience a creature owes to his crea-  
 tour; & thereby to shew him, that  
 we prefer the honour of pleasing him,  
 before our own lives? If actions so  
 much the harder they be to perform,  
 so much the more meritorious they be  
 esteemed, what can there be harder  
 then to renounce life; & what greater  
 penance can we perform, then frankly  
 & freely, to give up our lives to  
 God? because, by giving them to him,  
 we give not onely all we can give,  
 but all that is dearest to us, *No one  
 has greater charity, then he who gives  
 up his life;* says our Saviour, in the  
 13 of S. Johns Gospell: And if a  
 God would dye so painfull & igno-  
 minious a death for us, and give his  
 life upon the cross, for our salvation,  
 can we refuse him ours? Is our life  
 more precious or necessary then his?



O my soul, had we never so little love for God, or gratitude for this great favour of his, we ought to desire a thousand lives, to lay them all down for his sake. What have we that is not his? O my God, since I am nothing, but by you, I will be nothing, but what you would have me, I care not whether I live or dye.

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*Affections & Resolutions.*

**S**ince that upon the moment of my death, depends my eternall life; Grant, o my God, that by a true hatred of sin, by a perfect contempt of the world, & of its vain honours pleasures, & riches, & by an entire renouncing of my self, I may always keep my self prepared for this last hour, & that I may never let my self forget death: least permitting the lamp of charity to be extinguished, & the oyl of good works to be wanting in my soul, you may surprise me in this condition, & reproach me with the same terrible words, you did

the foolish virgins, in the 25. Chap: of S. Johns Gospell; *I know you not:* but that keeping my self always ready for your coming, I may merit to enter with you, into that eternall nuptiall feast, *Where neither eye has seen, ear heard, nor has it entered into the heart of man to conceive,* what you have prepared for those that love you. Give me, o my God, the light of your holy Spirit, to the end I may not suffer my self to be deceived, nor seduced by my senses; to take whar is false for true; & that I may not esteem the things of this mortall life, good or bad, but as they lead me to, or withdraw me from my last end.

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### CONCLUSION.

**L**Et us conclude this meditation with this truth, that if we will oye the death of the just, we must live the lives of the just; since the way to obtain a good death, is to live a good life; & as there is nothing more pre

cious, nor more to be desired than a good death; so there is nothing more unhappy, nor that we ought more to fear, than an ill death; & the best means of securing our selves, in an affair of so great an importance as this, is daily to live, as if it were to be the last day of our lives; keeping our affections as perfectly weaned from the things of the world, as if we were ready to leave it, where, all things that be not of God, will appear as smoak, that either is scattered it self, or at best covers but a fleeting shadow.





# A MOST PROFITABLE

## EXERCISE TO PREPARE

our selves for death.

## V P O N T H I S M O M E N T

*depends Eternity.*

The day you intend to make this exercise enter into the thoughts of death, & look upon that day as the last of your life.

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### THE FIRST PART.

**I**Magine your self lying sick upon your death-bed, & that your good Angell is sent by God to give you notice of the irrevocable decree of your death; & that he says to you as *Esaie* did, to *Ezechias*, *Isa: 38.* *Dispose of your affairs: because you shall dye & shall no longer live.*

Prostrating your self as at the foot of your Crucifix, or before the blessed Sacrament, beg with all your heart, the grace, & light of the holy Ghost; the help, & succour of the blessed Virgin, & of the Saints your Patrons, & of your good Angell, to make the following acts.

AN ACT OF RESIGNATION.

**M**Y heart is prepared, my God, my heart is prepared, that your will, & not mine, be done in me, & by me, now, & for all eternity.

1. O God eternall; immense, & infinite, who are sufficient in your self, & stand in need of none of your creatures; how little does it import; whether I live or die, so I may accomplish your holy will, in which alone, true life consists! therefore, let it not be as I will, but as you please.

*An acknowledgement of our nothingness.*

2. To acknowledge the dependance

that I have of you , my sovereign Creatour , & openly to confess before heaven & earth , that you alone , are he that is ; & that I , miserable creature , am he that is not ; I embrace with an humble submission , the destruction of this corruptible being , & consent that by death , it should return to its first nothing , out of which you took it.

*A restitution of our being into the hands of God.*

3. O my Sovereign Creatour , will restore you the being you have given me , & for this end , I accept of death , in the manner that shall be most pleasing to you , & be most to your glory : Dispose therefore of your creature , & destroy this body of sin , in punishment of the offences , it has committed against your divine majesty : That this body may return to the earth from whence it came , but that my soul created after thy image , may return to your bosome.

*An acknowledgement of Gods so-  
veraig dominion over us.*

4. O my God , tho my death be of it self , a thing of necessity , yet I am resolved for love of you , as far as possible , to make it a will-offering : I rejoyce that by it , I shall be out of a state & condition , any more to resist your Sovereign dominion over me , as Liege Lord of all creatures ; & I accept it as a just punishment of the ill use I have made of my free will , which you have given me.

*How to receive death as a just  
punishment of sin.*

5. Since death , O my God , is the punishment you have ordained for sin , 'tis with an humble & submissive heart to the decree of your justice , that I accept it in the spirit of pennance , with all the pains , humiliations , & privations , which follow it , & in satisfaction of all the sins I have committed;



*An offering of our Life to God.*

6. Receive , ô my Saviour , the sacrifice that I make to your divine Majesty , of my bo dy & my life , which I offer as a victime sacrificed to your self. Unite it to that you offer'd for me upon the cross , & consume it with the fire of your divine love.

*A desire to render to Iesus Christ, Death for Death.*

7. O my divine Jesus , since that your love to me made you dye upon the cross for my salvation , is it not just , that with a good will I accept death , for love of you , in counter-change , as far as I am able , of that you indured for me. O why have I not a thousand lives , to give them all for this end , to acknowledge therby that you are my God !

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Spiritual confession

*With profound humility at the feet of Iesus Christ, as if he were present in his sacred humanity, accuse your self to him, of all your sins, taking a short review of them; at the end of which, excite your soul to a lively & tender sorrow for them.*

## AN ACT OF CONTRITION.

**O** my God, prostrate before your sovereign majesty, I most humbly beg pardon for the great contempt, & abuse I have made, of your holy graces, & of all the sins I have committed from my birth, in thought, word, or deed: I retract & disavow them, with my whole heart; Yes, o my God, 'tis from my whole heart that I detest, & disavow them, & wish, I had never committed them, not for fear of the punishment they deserve, but onely because I have by

them, offended your infinite goodness, which deserves to be loved above all things, & honoured by all creatures. O why is not my heart capable too, of an infinit sorrow, to blot out their guilt! But accept, o my God, in satisfaction of that sorrow which is wanting in me that which my Saviour had in the garden of Olives, & upon the cross, for the sins of the whole world in generall, & for mine in particular. Accept also for this effect, that sorrow & contrition, which all the Saints have ever had. Purify me from my secret sins, & pardon those I have committed by others, & despise not, o my God, an humble, & contrite heart, which hopes onely for pardon of its sins from your infinit mercy. In the 50. *Psalm*, you have promised, that when a sinner laments his sins, you will no longer remember his iniquities.

And if you please, o my God, to prolong my life, I make a firm purpose, by the assistance of your holy grace, to amend particularly such & such faults, & thereby, endeavour to reparaire what is past.

Having made these Acts, receive as an absolution, that which Jesus Christ, the sovereign priest gives you spiritually, applying to your self, his divine merits; after which, imagine you hear him say to you, as he did to S. Mary Magdalen;

*Your sins are forgiven you; go in peace.*

Say the 50. Psalm. *Miserere mei &c:* in the spirit of penance.

*Aspirations to the three divine persons.*

O father Eternall, since you so loved the world, as to give your onely son for its redemption, I dare presume to hope from your mercy, the salvation of my soul; since you gave him, not to condemn us, but to save us, & for that end imposed upon him, the holy name of *Jesus*; Luk. 1.

O divine Jesus, be you my Jesus, & remember your own words, that you came not for the just, but for sinners; Luk. 5. O my God, you will not the death of a sinner, but that he be converted & live; *Ezech. 18*. Convert me therefore, to your self, that

I may live an Eternall life.

Come divine spirit, repose in my soul with your 7. gifts, for to purify, justify, & sanctify it; consume in it, by the fire of your holy love, all that is yet earthly therein; & fortify it in this its last passage, against all the temptations of its enemies.

*An act of Faith.*

I protest my God before heaven & earth that I will dye in the faith & union of the holy Catholick church: I believe firmly all that it believes, & teaches, because you my God, who are the Eternall truth, have said, & revealed it; & that you are an infinite goodnesse & holiness, that cannot deceive any one, an infinite wisdom, that cannot erre, & are moreover omnipotent: And from this very moment, I disavow, and detest all temptations contrary to it which the Enemy may suggest in the last moments of my life: I return you thanks with my whole heart for the great grace which you have done me, in making me of the  
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of the children of your holy Church,

Recite the Apostles Creed *Credo in Deum*, &c: And making reflection upon every Article, protest, that you believe it.

*An act of Hope.*

O my God, tho' for the enormity & inconceivable multitude of my offences, I most justly merit hell yet confiding entirely in the merits of my Saviour Jesus Christ, & in the infinit greatness of your mercy, which can pardon more sins then I can commit, I cease not to hope for pardon, & for the grace to persevere in your love, to which, I consecrate the last moment of my life.

*An act of Charity.*

O my God, when shall this soul of mine being separated from my body, & from all creatures, be united perfectly to your self, & love you with that pure, & unchangeable affection, with which the blessed in heaven love you?

O, what is there I desire in heaven, or what is it I desire on earth, but

you, the God of my heart, my God,  
& everlasting portion of my felicity?

I have regarded all things as nothing, vile, & contemptible, to gain Jesus Christ.

*An act of Love towards our Neighbour.*

O my God, I beg of you, grace & mercy for all the creatures you have redeemed with your precious blood, particularly for the true children of your holy Church, & for those from whom I have received any displeasure, whom I pardon, my God, for love of you, as I desire you should pardon me,

*A desire to receive Iesus Christ.*

O my God, my Creatour, & redeemer, my beginning, & my end, the onely sovereign object of my heart, O, what a longing desire have I to receive you, for to unite my self to you! come then into my soul, sanctify it, & replenish my heart with your graces, take possession of all its affections, to the end, that all the moments of my life that are yet behind, may entirely be consecrated to your love.



The Spirituall communion for the Viatick, or the Sacramentall one, if permitted to receive it

Hearken to your good Angell, who invites you to eat the bread of life; & speaks to you, as that of Elias did to him; *Arise, & eat, because you have a great journey still to make.* 3. Kings. c. 19.

Imagine, that Jesus Christ, accompanied with the blessed Virgin, your good Angell, & the Saints your Patrons, entring your chamber, to give you with his own hands, his sacred body, has he did to his Apostles in his last supper; & that he says to you, as he did to them, *Take, eat, this is my body, which was delivered to death, to give you life.*

Having adored him with all your heart, Salute him with the following words:

O my God, since you have said, that he who eats you, shall live eternally, & shall not dye; Grant me

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the grace, that by the reception of your sacred body, I may live onely in you, by you, & for you; & that quitting this mortall life, I may, by the force & vertue of this divine bread, arrive to heaven, where I may for ever, see, & enjoy your divine majesty.

Alas! from whence comes this happiness to me, that my God should come to visit me?

Lord, I am not worthy that you should enter into my soul, speak onely but a word, & it shall be healed.

Having received him, entertain your self amorously with him, make all your senses appear before him, & all your faculties, to make him, as it were, an oath of allegiance; renew the vows & promises you have made, conjure him never more to leave you, & say to him, as the disciples going to Emmaus did, *Stay with me, o Lord, for it is late, the evening of my life approacheth.* Or with Simeon, *Let now, o Lord, thy Servant depart in peace, for mine eyes have seen the authour of my salvation;* Or with David, *Altho I*

walk in the middle of the shadow of death, I will feare no evill, because you are with me.

O my God, put your self as a seal upon my heart, to the end, that all earthly things may find no more entrance thereinto.

Unite this Communion, to that which this divine Saviour made before his death, & to all those which the most holy Virgin, & the Saints made during their lives; & also to all those which shall be made, to the end of the world, to supply the imperfections you have committed, in receiving this divine Sacrament.

Return God thanks, for the favour of receiving it, & for all those other graces which he has so liberally bestowed upon you, & invite all creatures to bless, praise, & thank him for you: Reciting the. 117. Psalm;

*Laudate Dominum omnes gentes, &c.*  
or the Canticle, *Benedicite omnia opera, &c.*

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*THE 2. PART.*

*Spirituell extreanunction.*

**I**magine, that Jesus Christ having assisted at your communion, as has been said, enters also into your chamber bringing the holy oyles composed of his precious blood, to apply the holy unctions with his own sacred hand.

Make acts of contrition in receiving them, to blot out all the sins committed by each sense.

*IN THE APPLICATION  
to the Eyes.*

O my Jesus, & my God, I demand most humbly pardon for all the sins I have committed by so many irregular looks or casts of my eyes, & so many unprofitable tears; & to blot out these sins, apply to me, those your amorous looks upon the cross, upon your Crucifiers, & the tears you shed for my salvation.

*TO THE EARS.*

Pardon me also the sins I have committed in taking pleasure to hearken to so many ill discourses; & to make satisfaction for them, apply to my soul, the merit of that patience, & humility with which you heard so many blasphemies, injuries, & calumnies uttered against you.

*TO THE NOSTRILLS.*

I beg pardon also, o my God, for having too much sought perfumes & good smells, for having taken too much pleasure in them, & having been too delicate, & nice in avoiding ill ones; for the satisfaction of these faults, apply to me, the merit of those ill scents you suffered in the stable, & upon mount Calvary.

*TO THE MOUTH*

O my Saviour Jesus Christ, pardon me the infinite number of sins that I have committed in words, & all my irregularities in eating & drinking, & blot them out by applying to my

soul, the merits of your divine prayers,  
& preachings, & your holy fasts.

*TO THE HANDS.*

Pardon me, my divine Jesus, all  
the many unprofitable, & evill actions  
that I have committed, & for having  
so delicately treated my body; & for  
this end, apply to me, the merit of  
those holy actions, & divine miracles  
wrought by your sacred hands, which  
were nailed upon the hard wood of  
the Cross for my sake, & by my sins.

*TO THE FEET.*

O my God, with my whole heart  
I beg pardon for all the steps that I  
have made unprofitably, or for any  
ill end: Apply to me for the satis-  
faction of these faults, the merit of  
those sacred steps you made barefoot,  
with so much toil, for the salvation  
of mankind, especially in carrying  
your cross.

*After*

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*After Extrem unction, make the  
following Acts, with a  
penitent mind.*

**O** my God, to satisfie as much  
as I am able, your divine Ju-  
stice, & to make you a due satisfa-  
ction for my sins, I accept death  
with my whole heart, & I rejoyce  
at the separation of my soul from  
my body, in punishment of the sins  
I have committed, by following ra-  
ther my irregular inclinations, then  
your holy will;

2. And that my body in punishment  
of its pride, & ambition, shall be  
buried under the earth, & trodden  
under foot,

3. And for that inordinate love I  
have born it, & the too great care  
I have taken for its ease & pleasure,  
I rejoyce that that it returns to cor-  
ruption, & becomes the food of  
worms.

4. And for the affection I have had

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for riches , & for creatures , & the abuse I have made of them , I am glad to be separated from , & deprived of them.

5. And for the forgetfullness I have had of you , my God , during my life , I accept the forgetfulness that all will have of me after my death :

6. And for having made use of all my senses , to offend you , I accept , & offer in satisfaction , the privation & loss of them all :

7. And in punishment of my having vainly searched to please creatures , I am glad that by death , I shall become an object of their hatred , horror , & contempt.

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### For the Approaches of Death.

*Hearken to your good Angell  
speaking to you , as to the  
Virgins in the Gospel;*

**B**Ehold , your Spouse is coming ;  
Go forth , & meet him :  
And preparing your self for his co-

ming, with the burning lamp of charity in your hands, say with David; *I rejoyce at the good news they tell me, let us enter into the house of our Lord.*

*O Lord God of strength, how amiable are thy tabernacles! my soulfaints with desire of them.*

*My soul thirsts after God the source of life; when shall I come, & appear before his presence?*

*As the thirsty Hart desires the fountain, so my soul desires thee, ô my God.*

*O, how do I desire to be delivered out of this mortall body, & to be with Christ.*

### *Union with CHRIST JESUS dying.*

*O my divine Jesus, granr me your grace, that my sorrows may be united to yours; my agony, & my death sanctified by yours; & that I may partake of those sacred dispositions, which your holy soul had at the last moment of your life, to which, I unite my self with all my heart, to supply those which I want. I abandon*

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my self entirely to you , to suffer for your love , the pains of death , as long ; & many , as you please ; & I renounce , & disavow all the impatience , & evill that their force may cause me unwillingly to committ.

*Have recourse to the blessed Virgin . & the Saints.*

O holy Virgin , mother of my God , refuge of Sinners ; be now my Advocate , & grant I may feel the effects of your power with the blessed Trinity.

O Mary , mother of grate , mother of mercy , receive me at the hour of my death , & defend me from my Enemies.

Shew that you are my mother , & obtain , that he who for our salvation , was willing to become your son , & be born of you , may receive me by your intercession.

O all yee Saints , & blessed spirits , interceed now for my soul , in this extremity , that I may obtain the victory over my enemies.

Great S. Joseph, & you all my holy patrons, & Protectours, assist me.

Great S. Michael, fight for me:

Charitable Angell, my dear Guardian, defend me from the ambushes of my Enemies, and forsake me not in this last passage.

Eternal father, look upon me in your dear son Jesus Christ, who has shed his blood for my salvation.

Have pity upon me, according to the greatness of your mercies, & pardon my sins, for the glory of your holy name.

Enter not into judgement with me, O my God, for in thy sight, no one living can justify himself.

My divine Jesus, put your cross, & your passion, between your judgement, and my soul.

My God, my destiny is in your hands, save me, I beseech you.

O Lord, in you have I trusted, therefore I shall not be eternally confounded.



*An act of adoration, to the most  
holy Trinity.*

**O** most holy, & most adorable Trinity, I adore you with my whole heart, & I unite my self, both for the present, & for eternity, to all the adorations, & praises, which the most holie humanity of my Saviour Jesus Christ, & his most holy mother, together with all the Saints and Angels, do, or have renderd you, or shall eternally render you in heaven. I offer you all the sacrifices of this most holy humanity, which are now offerd, or shall be daily offerd, to the day of judgement, all the world over, in satisfaction of all my sins, & in thanksgiving for all your divine benefits bestowed upon me.

If the Recommendation of the soul be said, observe to say at the end, this conclusion; afterwards, say the Responsory; *Subuenite Sancti*, &c.

*Conclusion of this Exercise.*

*Act of abandonment & resignation.*

O my God I abandon my self, & without reserve, to that divine judgement you shall pronounce upon my soul; I submit my self to it, with all my heart; I adore, & reverence it as most just, & equitable, now, & for Eternity.

*A Spirituall Expiring.*

Holding your cross in your hand, Say these words; Behold, o my God, my Creatour, & my Redeemer, that I come unto you because you call me; receive me in the bosome of your mercy.

And amorously kissing the wounds of your Crucifix, pronounce the holy names of Jesus, & Mary, at each wound; then repeating the last words of our Saviour; *My God, into your hands, I yeeld up my Spirit*; expire in the sacred wound of the side of Jesus, chose it for your grave, &

hide your self in his sacred heart.

After this Exercise, we must look upon our selves as dead to the world, & to our selves ; accordingly , we should often repeat those words of S. Paul ; *I live , yet not I , but Iesus Christ that lives in me , & my life is hid with Iesus Christ in God.*



*THE RECOMMENDATION  
of the soul, ( which ought to  
begin with these little Leta-  
nies ) & the following prayers,  
are to be said in time of ago-  
ny ; these may serve for those  
that are about the dying person.*

**L**ord have mercy upon us.

**C**hrist have mercy upon us.

Lord have mercy upon us.

Holy Mary prayer for him.

Holy Angells pray for him.

Holy Abel , pray for him.

Quire of all the just , pray for him.

S. Abraham, pray for him.



S. John Baptist, pray for him.

Holy Patriarchs & Prophets, pray for him.

S. Peter,

S. Paul,

S. Andrew,

S. John,

}  
}  
} pray for him.

Holy Apostles, & Evangelists pray for him.

Holy Disciples of our Lord, pray for him.

Holy Innocents, pray for him.

S. Stephen, pray for him.

S. Laurence, pray for him.

Holy Martyrs, pray for him.

S. Silvester, pray for him.

S. Gregory, pray for him.

S. Austin, pray for him.

Holy Bishops, & Confessors, pray for him.

S. Bennet pray for him.

S. Francis; pray for him.

Holy Monks, & Hermits, pray for him.

S. Mary Magdalen, pray for him.

S. Lucy, pray for him.

Holy Virgins, & Widdows, pray for him.

Saints of God of both sexes , inter-  
ceed for him.

Lord, be mercifull unto him, & par-  
don all his sins.

Lord be mercifull to him, & deliver  
him.

O Lord, deliver him from your wrath.

Deliver him from the danger of death.

Deliver him from an evill death.

Deliver him from the pains of hell.

Deliver him from all evill.

Deliver him from the power of the  
devil.

Deliver him by your holy Nativity.

Deliver him by your holy cross &  
passion.

Deliver him by your holy death &  
burial.

Deliver him by your glorious resur-  
rection.

Deliver him by your admirable as-  
cension.

Deliver him by the grace of the holy  
Ghost the Comforter.

Deliver him in the day of judgement.

Lord, we beseech thee to hear us,  
poor Sinners.

We beseech thee to hear us soe , as  
to pardon him.

Lord have mercy upon us.  
Christ have mercy upon us.  
Lord have mercy upon us.

T H E P R A Y E R.

*Proficiscere anima christiana.*

**C**Hristian soul, leave this world,  
in the name of the omnipotent  
Father, who created thee; in the name  
of his son Jesus Christ, who redeemed  
thee; in the name of the holy Ghost,  
who diffused himself in thee; in the  
name of the holy Angels, & Ar-  
changells, Thrones, Dominations,  
Cherubins & Seraphins; in the name  
of the Patriarchs, & Prophets, in the  
name of the Apostles & evangelists;  
of the holy Martyrs & Confessors;  
in the name of the holy Religious &  
Anchorites; of the holy Virgins, &  
of all the Saints of God; that this  
day, your habitation may be in peace,  
& your abode in the holy Sion: by  
the merits of our Lord Jesus Christ.  
Amen.

## THE PRAYER

*Deus clemens.*

**O** God of goodness & clemency, who according to the infinite greatness of your mercies, blot out the sins of the penitent, & pardon their crimes & sins past; cast a propitious look upon your servant. (N) hear his prayers for the remission of all his sins, which he confesses with all his heart, as much as he is able. Renew in him, o best of Fathers, whatever may in time, be either corrupted by the frailty of nature, or depraved by the malice of the Devil; & unite to the body of your triumphant Church, this living member of Jesus Christ: Have pity, o Lord, of his tears, & receive him to the grace of your reconciliation, who has no confidence but in your sole mercy, through Jesus Christ our Lord.

*Commendo te.*

**M**Y dearest Brother, I recommend thee to the omnipotency of God, & I remitt you into the arms of him who is your Creator, that after you have paid the debt due to humane nature, & by death are separated from your body, you may return to your Authour, which formed you out of the slime of the earth; Let the resplendant Quire of Angells come to receive your soul at its going out of your body; Let the august company of the Apostles be therewith present; Let the most goodly & triumphant army of Martyrs, be at the same rendezvous; Let the holy troop of Confessors encompass it; the chaste assembly of Virgins receive it; & the holy Patriarchs closely embrace it; to make it enjoy in their bosomes, the repose of the blessed: Let the most sweet Jesus shew himself unto you, & place you amongst those that continually praise him, That you may never know any of all those horrible

things that are in the darknesse of hell; the gnashing of teeth heard in its flames, & the aking & twinging of its torments; Let Satan with all his dismall guards, fret at your arrivall, & seeing you under the protection of the Angells, fly, and cast themselves head long into the horrors of eternall darknesse; Let God arise, & let his enemies be scatered; & let those that hate him, fly before his face: Let sinners disapear as the smoak that vanisheth, & perish before God, as wax dissolves before the fire; Let the just rejoyce eternally in the presence of God, & let the Infernall Legions & ministers of Satan be ashamed & confounded, & never be so bold as to venture to set upon you, in your passage to Eternity: Let Jesus who was crucified for you, deliver you from the pains of hell; & & let Jesus who was willing to dye for you, deliver you from Eternall death; Let Jesus Christ son of the living God, place you in his paradise, there to enjoy everlasting pleasures; & let that good shepard own you for

one of his flock, & when he has pardoned you all your sins, place you at his right hand amongst his Elect: may you see your Redeemer face to face, & assisting continually in his presence, & your eyes be so happy as to behold clearly the Eternall veritie, & being admitted amongst the blessed, may you enjoy the sweet vision of God for everlasting ages. Amen.

## THE PRAYER.

*Suscipe Domine.*

**R**ECEIVE, o Lord, your servant to the place where he hopes for his salvation, through your mercy. Amen.

Deliver, o Lord, the soul of your servant from all the dangers of hell, & from all its pains & torments. Amen.

Deliver the soul of your Servant, as you delivered Enoch & Elias from the common death of mankind. Amen.

Deliver the soul of your Servant, as you delivered Noah from the flood, Amen.



Deliver the soul of your servant ;  
as you delivered Abraham from the  
burning of the Caldeans, Amen.

Deliver the soul of your servant,  
as you delivered Job from his evils.  
Amen.

Deliver the soul of your servant,  
as you delivered Isaac from the hand  
of his father, that would have sacri-  
ficed him. Amen.

Deliver the soul of your servant ;  
as you delivered Lot out of Sodom,  
& its burning. Amen.

Deliver the soul of your servant ;  
as you delivered Moses from the per-  
secution of Pharaoh King of Egypt.  
Amen.

Deliver the soul of your servant ;  
as you delivered Daniel from the  
Den, & the mouths of the Lyons.  
Amen.

Deliver the Soul of your servant ;  
as you delivered the three Children  
from the fiery furnace, and from the  
wrath of a wicked King. Amen.

Deliver the soul of your servant ;  
as you delivered Susanna from the  
crime she was falsely accused of. Amen.

Deliver

Deliver the soul of your servant ,  
as you delivered David from the  
hands of Saul & Goliah. Amen.

Deliver the soul of your servant ,  
as you delivered S. Peter , & S. Paul  
from their chains & prisons. Amen.

Infine, as you deliver'd the blessed  
Virgin & Martyr S. Tecla , from three  
cruel torments; so vouchsafe to deliver  
the soul of your servant , & grant it  
may; rejoyce with you in the posses-  
sion of heavenly felicity. Amen.

## THE PRAYER.

*Commendamus tibi..*

**O** God , we recommend to thee  
the soul of thy Servant (N) &  
we beseech you , O Lord Jesus Christ,  
Saviour of the world , that as out of  
your mercy , you were pleased to de-  
scend from heaven , for it , you would  
not refuse to receive it into the bo-  
some of the Patriarchs.

Take notice , o Lord , of your crea-  
ture , which was not created by strange  
Gods but by you alone , the onnely

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living God ; for there is no other God but you , & no works like unto yours.

Lord , recreate this soul with the joy of your presence , & remember not its past iniquity , nor the excesses which its fury , or the too hot pursuit of its ill desires , has caused it to commit. There is no doubt but it has sinned , yet it has neuer denied the father , Son , & holy Ghost ; but has believed in you , & had the zeal of the glory of your name , & has ever adored him who made all things. Amen.

### THE PRAYER.

#### *Delicta Inventus.*

**O** Lord , we beseech you not to remember any more the sins of his youth , nor his ignorances , but according to the greatness of your mercy , remember him in the splendour of your glory. Open the heavens , O Lord , & receive your servant into your Kingdom : Let S, Michael the Archangel of God , who has merited

the chief command in the Celestiall  
hosts, receive him; Let all the An-  
gells of God come forth to meet him,  
& conduct him into the holy City  
of Jerusalem; Let S. Peter, to whom  
were given the keys of the Kingdom  
of heaven, receive him: Let S. Paul  
the Apostle, who was a worthy ves-  
sell of Election, assist him: Let S.  
John, the beloved of God, to whom  
were revealed the secrets of heaven,  
interceed for him: Let all the Apost-  
les, to whom was given the power  
of binding & loosing of souls, pray for  
him: Let all the Saints, and Elect  
of God, who for the name of Jesus  
Christ, have suffer'd torments in this  
world, interceed for him; that be-  
ing separated from, & stript of his earthly  
body, he may merit to arrive to the  
glory of your heavenly Kindom, by  
the merits of our Lord Jesus Christ,  
who with the Father, & the holy  
Ghost, lives & reigns world without  
end. Amen.

*After the soul has quitted the body,  
recite the following Responsory.*

**Come speedily, o yee Saints of God.**

**S. Ij.**

you Angels of our Lord , haſtye , & receive this ſoul , & offer it in the preſence of the moſt high.

✠. Let Jeſus Chriſt who has called you , receive you ; & let his Angels carry you into Abrahams boſome.

Lord have mercy upon us.

Chriſt have mercy upon us.

Lord have mercy upon us.

✠. Give him Eternall reſt , o Lord , & let him be illuminated with Eternall light.

✠. Lord deliver his ſoul ,

℞. From the gates of hell.

✠. Let him reſpoſe in peace.

℞. Amen.

✠. Lord hear my prayer ,

℞. And let my cry come unto thee.

## THE PRAYER.

**O** God , we recommend to you ; the ſoul of your ſervant , that having paſſed this life , he may live onely to you ; that the ſins he has committed in this life , out of humane frailty , may be pardoned by the infinite bounty , and mercy , and by

the merits of our Lord Jesus Christ.  
Amen.



A COMPENDIUM OF  
the aforesaid Exercise, to  
prepare ones self well for  
death.

*Which one may make every night  
before one goes to bed.*

**M**Y heart is prepared, o my God;  
my heart is prepared; your  
will be done, my God & not mine:  
I abandon my self entirely to receive  
death, at what time, in what man-  
ner, you please to send it to me.

2. I most humbly beg of you, par-  
don for all the sins I have com-  
mitted against your Sovereign goodness;  
& I repent me of them, with all my  
heart.

3. I believe firmly, all that the Roman  
Catholick Church believes, & tea-  
ches; and I will dye in this belief.

4. I hope to possess eternall life.

by your mercy, & by the merits of my Saviour Jesus Christ.

5. O my God, I desire to love you above all creatures, & to the contempt of all creatures, as my Sovereign good; & my neighbour, as my self, pardoning him from the bottom of my heart.

6. O my divine Jesus, what an extreme desire have I to receive your sacred body! & to do it spiritually, unite my self to all the communions that shall be made throughout the whole Church, to the end of the world, & particularly at the hour of my death,

7. Afford me the grace, o my divine Saviour, to blot out all the sins I have committed by my senses, by applying to my self, the unction of thy precious blood.

8. Holy Virgin, mother of my God, defend me from my enemies, & present me to your son.

9. Great S. Michael, my holy Angell Guardian, my holy Protectors, pray & assist me, in this last passage.



10. O my God, I renounce all the temptations of the Enemy, & generally, all that may displease you: I adore & receive your divine judgments upon my soul, as most just & equitable; & I abandon my self to them, with entire submission.

11. O Jesus, my divine Jesus: be to me Jesus; O my God, retiring with an humble confidence, into thy sacred wounds, I commit my soul into thy divine hands; receive it into the bosome of thy mercy. Amen.



## AN EXERCISE OF DEATH, FOR THE

last day of the month.

*IN THE MORNING.*

**O**ffer al the actions, & sufferings of that day, to our Saviour, by the hands of S. Joseph, which you shall take for your Protectour, to

obtain a happy death; & make some of these Acts noted in the beginning of this Exercise? & then make a resolution so to live that day, as if it were to be the last of your life.

### *DURING THE DAY.*

1. **B**eg every hour of S. Joseph, a good death, & say to your soul; if we were to dye this moment, are we prepared to appear before God?

2. Before you begin any action, or in conversation, often call to mind this thought; Would I have done or said this at the hour of my death?

3. Communicate really, or spiritually, in manner of Viatick making the acts, & affections marked in this Exercise, or contenting your self to remain with a simple view of faith, in silence & abandonment, in the arms of Jesus, & to expire in him, by love and confidence.

4. Go from Communion, with a resolution to live no longer to your self, & to perform no action of your life, purely after a naturall, & humane manner.

manner; calling often to mind in the day time the advertisement of the Apostle; *you are dead, & your life is hid in God With Jesus Christ.*

5. Make your meditation upon death, either as it is in your ordinary book of meditations, or as it is in this Exercise; & read the thoughts of death, in the book called *Pensées Chrétiennes*, or Christian thoughts.

### IN THE EVENING.

1. **B**Efore you go to bed, make a short review in your Examen, of all the sins of the last month; & take notice chiefly, of those you commit out of custom; think with sorrow, of your abuse of Gods graces, & favours & of the ill use you have made of the crosses which God has sent you; Then, putting your self in the presence of Jesus Christ, your Sovereign Judge, & immaginaing your self to be before the tribunall of his justice, beg pardon for your sins, with all the resentment & confusion you are able. Alas! what sorrow would you have

for them, if this night you were to dye & to appeare before him?

Then impose upon your self some pennance for the following month; & faile not to rise at the appointed hour, & to give something to the poor, as often as you speak in choller, & out of humour.

2. After Examen, make the same Acts that dying persons are wont to make & which are noted in this Exercise; or content your self to make, (1) An act of faith, protesting that you firmly believe, that you shall on day dye: (2.) An act of confidence, hoping, that our Saviour at your death, will have mercy upon you, & pardon all your sins: (3) An act of love, begging him, rather to Send you death, then permit you to offend him, at least, voluntarily: (4.) An act of abandonment, putting your life, your soul, & your salvation, into the hands of God.

Finally, kiss the ground, to render homage to the Sovereignty, & justice of God, which has ordained that your

body should one day be reduced to dust: Look upon your bed, as your grave; as you are going into it, say theree times, Jesus, Maria, Joleph. Adding.

O my God, greant, that I my repose, & sleep in pace with you. Amen.

FINIS.

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A PARIS.

Chez ESTIENNE MICHALLET,  
rue S. Jacques à l'Image S. Paul,  
proche la Fontaine S. Severin.

body should one be purchased  
dust: Look upon your body as  
graves; as you are going into it, by  
these times, Jesus, Maria, Joseph,  
O my God, sweet, that I may  
hold & keep in peace with you Amen.

FINIS.





John 14:26  
\*  
John 14:26

**Veni Sancte Spiritus, &c.**

*An act of Contrition, made by the Re-  
verend Father Antonio das Chagas  
of the Holy Order of Saint Francis,  
of the Province of the Algarves, and  
Apostolical Preacher in Portugal.*

*Translated out of Portuguese.*

**O** My God! O God of my Heart!  
of my Soul! of my Life! and  
of all that is within me! whom I  
have so much offended! so much;  
O my God and my Lord; that nei-  
ther the Sands of the Sea-shore, the  
Stars of the Heavens, the Flowers  
of the Field, nor the Leaves of the  
Trees, can equal the Boundless  
number or unspeakable variety of my  
Sins. I have Sinned, O Lord; I have  
offended Thee: I have done evil before  
the face of Heaven and Earth: I have



2      *An act of Contrition.*  
departed from thy Law I have turned  
my back on Thy Grace; adored  
what offended Thee; made an Idol  
of my Guilt; and run on without  
fear or shame in the ways of Deceit,  
Vanity and Perdition. Ah! my God!  
how much it grieves me for having  
so much offended Thee? I am grie-  
ved for grieving so little when the  
Injuries I have done Thee are so  
great. I am more troubled at the  
greatness of the Ingratitude wherewith  
I have offended, than at the greatness  
of the Torment which I have deserved.  
But, O Lord, what do I say? O my  
God, my Grief is none at all. A  
Grief which doth not put an end to  
Life, is not Grief: A Sorrow which  
doth not tear from me this Soul of  
mine, is not Sorrow: A Contrition  
which doth not even break my Heart  
into pieces, is not to be accounted  
Contrition. I would have the Sorrow  
for my Sins to be as great, as the  
Sins themselves: I would have the  
Regret for having displeased Thee  
to hold proportion with the Injuries  
committed against Thee: I would have

*An Act of Contrition*

a Grief equal to Thy Mercy: I would willingly bewail my great Sins with Tears of Blood, more for the Offence and Injury which they have caused against Thee, than for the Damage and Perdition which they bring upon my self: I wish, O Lord, that as in Offending Thee the Guilt was infinite, so in Repenting there of the Grief were also infinite. But where shall I find so deep a sense of Sorrow, save only in the Fountain of Thy Grace? where shall I find such a Grief, save only in the knowledge of Thy immense Goodness, and of my infinite Malice? Whence are those Tears to flow, save only from the Ocean of Thy Mercy? Here I come to Thy Feet; Consider not in what manner; in what time; how late? Consider only that I come. Ah! Lord, How miserable do I come? How filthy? How abominable? Clad with the ugliness of my Sins: Covered with the filthiness of my Offences, and full of the abominations and vices of my Life! But because they are Thy Feet to which I come, O my God, I come with

4 *An Act of Contrition.*

the confidence of finding in Thy Mercy a secure Haven, in Thy Compassion a Defence, in Thy Clemency a Refuge, and in Thy Goodness a Remedy. Wherefore, O Lord, trembling at Thy Justice, I seek no other Refuge save that of Thy Mercy: I pretend no shelter but Thy Clemency: In thee I trust, O my God: For though by Sin I have lost the nature and Privilege of a Son, yet Thou, O Lord, infinitely Good, doest not loose the Nature and Condition, which Thou hadst, of a Father. Let then, O Lord, Thy infinite Grace compleat that work in me, which Thy infinite Mercy has begun. Let Thy Clemency come to the succour of this miserable Creature: Take pity and compassion of this poor Soul. I purpose with Thy Grace to amend my Life, to confess my faults, to persevere in Thy Service, to pardon Injuries, to avoid the occasions of Evil, to abhor my Vices, to make such restitution as I am able, and to comply, as I am bound, with Thy Holy Commandments. I trust, O Lord, in Thy

*An Act of Contrition.*  
infinite Goodness, that Thou wilt  
pardon all my Sins, through the  
Death and Passion of my Lord Je-  
sus-CHRIST; for though in His  
Wounds there is Justice to Punish me,  
yet in the same Wounds there is  
likewise Mercy to Forgive me. Mercy!  
Mercy! Mercy! Dear Jesus, mercy.

*The Reader is humbly desired to  
pray for the Translator.*

**FINIS.**

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Printed in the Year 1684.

infinite Grief, that Thou wilt  
pardon all my Sins; through the  
Death and Passion of my Lord J.  
sus-Christ; for therein in His  
Wounds there is Life to Sinners;  
yet in the same Wounds there is  
likewise Mercy to forgive our Sins;  
Mercy! Mercy! Dear Jesus, in



Entered in the Year 1844.

**T**He Printer nor understanding English hopes the charitable Reader will the more easily pardon his addition, omission, or transposition of letters; his uniting, or disjoyning words or syllables; and such like obvious faults. The more material errors which interrupt or change sense, are thus corrected.

Page : 53. line. 6. read *or prayer.*  
ibid. l. 7. for *ore very.* r. *every.* p. 69.  
l. 23. for *1. time.* r. *3. times.* p. 77.  
l. 24. for *office* r. *Octave* p. 25. l. 7.  
r. *animate both heart and minde* p. 92.  
l. 19. and 20. Blot out. *Or out of custome and with out an miteriour spirit.*  
ibid l. 22. for *beging.* r. *begin.* p. 94.  
l. 28. for *suck.* r. *such.* p. 125. l. 4.  
for *and.* r. *end.* p. 129. l. 14. r. *discourse.* p. 158. l. 28. for *dal.* r. *day.*  
p. 159. l. 1. for *there* r. *three.* p. 165.  
l. 19. for *deat that hshall.* r. *death that shall.* p. 166. l. 2. for. *soveraig.* r. *soveraign.* p. 186. l. 27. r. *consecrated.* p. 187.  
l. 15 for *has.* r. *as.* p. 192. l. 7. r. *delicately.* p. 194. l. 8. r. *For.* p. 209. l. ult. for. *yon of aloner.* r. *you alone.* ibid. for *onely.* r. *onely* p. 217. l. 7. r. *as.* l. 11. r.

evening l. 1. r. commit l. 1. r. of. p.  
 218. l. 1. r. appears l. 6. r. the. l. 1. r.  
 r. noted l. 23. for you, r. your l. 26. for  
 fine l. 1. r. 2. for for. r. the p. 1. r.  
 l. 7. for pace: r. peace. The sense will  
 suffice to correct other faults.

words of  
 vious faults. The more material  
 tions which interrupt or change  
 tible, are thus corrected.  
 Page: 23. line. 6. read or prayer.  
 Ibid. l. 7. for one way. r. way. p. 69.  
 l. 23. for 1. time. r. 3. times. p. 72.  
 l. 24. for offer. r. Offer. p. 75. l. 7.  
 l. 25. animals had been and minds p. 92.  
 l. 19. and 10. blot out. O. out of cu-  
 some as with out an interior spirit.  
 Ibid. l. 22. for being. r. being. p. 94.  
 l. 23. for look. r. look. l. 4.  
 for and. r. and. p. 100. l. 1. 4.  
 come. p. 108. l. 1. for 1. r. 4.  
 p. 109. l. 1. for the. p. 109.  
 l. 19. for that shall. r. shall that  
 shall. p. 106. l. 2. for for. r. love.  
 sign. p. 106. l. 2. r. confirmed. p. 107.  
 l. 12. for but. r. but. p. 107. l. 7. r. believe.  
 p. 104. l. 8. r. For. p. 103. l. 1. r. for.  
 son of alone. r. you alone. Ibid. for out  
 only. r. only. p. 117. l. 7. r. and. l. 1. r.





